THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

# Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 18 1894. No. 200

Without Doubt
Pure Drugs dispensed as only practical men can dispense them, are the safest and best. At the P.P.P.P. accuracy and purity are guaranteed.
C. E. JONES, Chemist,
36 Government St.

NOTICE.....

We are selling DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and all kinds of Jewelry at prices away below anything seen in the city before.

Fine lines of NEW GOODS constantly arriving, and everything guaranteed.

Our Manufacturing Department is the finest operated in the province, and all kinds of Repairing and Manufacturing is at Rock Bottom Prices.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47 Government Street.

THE WESTSIDE.

General Belief and Private Opinion.

It isn't always that you find everyone agreeing upon any subject. Every pro has its con, and all medals have a reverse side. On the question as to the best place to buy Dry Goods, however, there's no room for a division. Everybody who knows enough to go in out of the wet, knows that we are far and away the leaders. For fear that somebody (but lately landed) may not know it, we append

Some Very Convincing Arguments.

Best 5-4 Table Oil Cloth, 30c per yard.
"The Challenge" Black Cashmere Hose, 50c, worth 75.
Grey Cotton, 34 inches wide, fair quality, 5c per yard.
White Cotton, 34 inches wide, fair quality, 6c per yard.
White English Double Warp, three yards for 25 cents.
White extra good, 10c per yard.
Good Heavy Grey Flannel, "The Real McKay," 27 inches wide, 15c per yard. Better Qualities at 16 1-2c, 20c and 25c
Campbelford Best Grey Flannel manufactured in light and dark, twilled or plain, 28 inches wide, 30c per yard.
Table Oilcloth, best quality, 30c per yard.
Flannelettes, nice colors and patterns, 5c per yard.
Flannelettes, fine heavy English, 31 inches, at 12 1-2c per yard.
Sheetings, best manufactured, 2 yds. wide, 22 1-2c; 2 1-4 yds. wide, 27 1-2c; 2 1-2 yds. wide, 32 1-2c.

Other Staples In Proportion.

Shrewd buyers cannot afford to pass us this season. Prices are low and we do not carry over any of last season's goods. In this we have an advantage. Kindly investigate.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

AN OPPORTUNITY

We have made GREAT REDUCTIONS in all Lines of our Large Stock of Cloths, Woolens and Worsteds. Victorians should take advantage of this opportunity of obtaining Clothing made by one of
The Most Reliable Merchant Tailoring Firms on the Coast,
AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
Genuine English and Scotch Tweeds for Business Suits at Popular Prices.

A. GREGG & SON,
Merchant Tailors, Yates Street.

C. H. STICKELS . . . .
ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD.,
. . . . QUOTE AS FOLLOWS . . . .
Delivered to any part of the City.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wheat | $1 25 per bun. | Oats | $1 50 per bun. |
| Bran | 90 " " | Mixed feed | 1 00 " " |
| Shorts | 1 00 " " | Ground | 1 10 " " |

Our feed is manufactured fresh every day and is superior to the imported article. Patronize home industry by using our goods. TERMS—Net cash with order.

Cheap Excursion!
Via the
CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
...TO...
WASHINGTON, D.C., and return....$72 75
PITTSBURG, P.A., and return..... 66 50

Ticket good for SIXTY DAYS from date of sale. For full particulars, tickets, map of route, etc., apply to
GEORGE L. COURTNEY,
Agent C. P. Ry. Co.,
August3-tf Victoria, B. C.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GARDEN FETE . . .
In Aid of St. James' Church.

The ladies of St. James' church will hold a Garden Fete at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Goepel, Simcoe street, on Tuesday, August 21st, from 3 to 7 o'clock p. m. Music and varied outdoor amusements. Admission 10 cents, or free to any person bringing a saleable article which will be auctioned on the grounds.

FOR SALE
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A new residence facing the Victoria Arm, 200 feet water frontage, unsurpassed view of the City of Victoria and Olympian range in the back-ground; entrance from the Gorge Road; two-and-a-half acres of land; House containing panelled vestibule, beautifully frescoed hall, handsome Staircase, double Drawing Room with two fireplaces, Dining Room, Smoking Room, six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C. and Lavatory on each floor, large attic, spacious cellar with stone walls, brick foundation, electric light, electric bells, &c., &c.

Price, $10,500. Terms can be arranged to suit the purchaser. Apply to
J GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect, P. O. Box 352.
39 1-2 Government Street, Victoria.

## COREANS CO-OPERATING.

They Take Part With Japan, by the King's Order, in the Battle Fought in July.

Japanese Consul Denies That Japan is Employing Americans to Fight for Her.

New York, Aug. 18.—A special cable dispatch to the Tribune from Tokio says: The remarkable fact has come to light that in the battle at Yashan in July, between the Chinese and the Japs, a body of Corean troops accompanied and co-operated with the Japanese. This was done by the special and direct command of the king of Corea. Some of the Corean soldiers fled from the battle, but lots of them stood firm and fought with great bravery.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—The Japanese consul in this city has issued a letter to the effect that the person who has been trying to enlist men in Los Angeles for service in the Japanese government during the present hostilities with China is an imposter, and the Japanese government has no intention of enlisting foreigners for military service during the present contest.

London, Aug. 18.—The Times' Tientsin dispatch says that the North Chinese squadron under Admiral Ting has searched the Gulf of Prehile for the Japanese fleet without success. The admiral has reported that the Japanese have left these waters.

A Pall Mall Gazette Seoul dispatch says: By special order of their king, a large number of Coreans accompanied the Japanese troops to Yashan and took part in the fight. Some of the Coreans fled, but most of them fought bravely. The fact that they took part in the fight shows that the Corean king sides with Japan against his former suzerain.

A Berlin dispatch says the Vossische Zeitung warns the German financiers against taking any part of the proposed Chinese loan. To contribute to the Chinese war funds, says the editor, is to support the cause of barbarism against civilization. The report that Germany might side with England in support of China is not believed.

The Central News' correspondent says all vessels arriving by night at Woo Sung are boarded and searched by Chinese naval officers. The Chinese have requested their officers to arrest every Japanese who appears in Chinese costume. Two Japanese arrested as spies yesterday are still in prison, waiting the formation of a proper tribunal to try them.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY of British Columbia will meet on Monday, August 20th, at 8 p.m., in the library of Provincial Parliament. aug18-2t

FOR SALE—Shetland Pony, Cart and Harness; remarkably handsome animal, very fast traveller, yet perfectly quiet and safe for children to ride or drive; price, $200 or what offers in useful exchange. Inquire of W. McKeon, jr., Oriental Hotel. aug18-6t

WANTED—A quantity of clean cotton rags. Apply at the Times office.

LADIES INVESTIATE—De Lamonton Cutting School. Perfect system with or without seams easily learned. Lessons Free. Agents wanted. Room 73 Five Sisters Block. aug18-1mo

DON'T FORGET TO GO TO SAMPSON'S BOOK EXCHANGE for something to read. Novels sold at half price; exchanged for 5c. each.

Removal and Reopening!

The undersigned has removed from his old stand, the Standard Saloon, to the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, known as the Osborne House, where he will be glad to see all his old friends and many new ones. Opening Monday night, 20th inst.
aug18 2t WM. FIELD.

REDUCED RATES!

Teeth Extracted - - - 50 cts
Children's Teeth - - - 25 cts
Plates - - - - - - - - $1 500
Also Fillings at Rates to Suit the Times.

A. A. HUMBER, D D.S.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
OFFICE: 93 1-2 Douglas Street, next to Oddfellows' Hall. aug18-tf

VICTORIA THEATRE
Friday Evening, Aug. 24.
OPERETTA.
"Cupid Among the Flowers."
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.
ADMISSION, 50 Cts.; CHILDREN, 25 Cts.

NOTICE.

Applications accompanied by testimonials, references, &c., will be received by the undersigned, at the City Clerk's Office, City Hall, until Wednesday next, the 22nd day of August instant, at 10 a.m., for the position of Inspector in connection with the Sewerage Works.

Applications already made need not be renewed.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
Secretary to the Sewerage Commissioners.

Victoria, B. C., August 18th, 1894.

## REVISING THE TREATIES.

Foreigners Will Not Have the Right of Consular Trials in Japan.

Yokohama, Aug. 18.—Notice hase been issued that revision of treaties between Japan and foreign powers will be taken in hand forthwith. The essential feature of the revision will be that foreigners will not have the right of trial in their own consular courts. The government will confer protection to foreigners, who will also have certain privileges in regard to taxation. Foreigners are greatly concerned, being strongly of the opinion that the time has not arrived when their interests can be left to the Japanese government.

## MARRIED HER COACHMAN.

But this Wealthy Man's Daughter Educated Her Fiancee First.

New York, Aug. 18.—When the Rev. Mr. Robertson performed the marriage ceremony which made Miss Nina H. Piffard, of Paffard, Livingston county, Mrs. George Francis, of New York city, in Dr. John Hall's Fifth avenue church, a week ago to-day, he did not know that the handsome young man was once an employe of the elegant Piffard home, and that he was taken up by the pretty and wealthy young woman and by her aid was educated and put in the way of success in worldly affairs, nor did he know that George Francis was once George Clapper. The Piffard family went to the Genesee valley with the salt boom, and the village which grew up about them was named Piffard in their honor. The Clapper family was poor and the boys worked at odd jobs. George was ambitious, and he studied and took a course in bookkeeping. He procured a place in a grocery store, but somehow drifted into the employ of the Piffards. While with them he frequently drove the carriage for the young ladies of the family. Just how it happened only Miss Nina and George know, but it did happen, and one day George entered the Poughkeepsie business college, and was finally graduated with honors. He came from college a handsome and polished young gentleman, the equal of the elegant Piffards in bearing and attainments. One day George Clapper went to Albany, and after a little legal formality left the city as George Francis, but George Francis never forgot the Clapper family still plodding in Livingston county, and when the went back he always visited his parents. A year ago a gentleman bought a house for the old folks, and they expect to live in it surrounded by comfort and plenty supplied by their dutiful son.

## UNION MEN BLACKLISTED.

Ex-Employes of the Pullman Co. Before the Labor Commission.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—The labor commission spent to-day listening to the testimony of employes of the Pullman company, in which the grievance of the employes against the company was stated in detail. Some employes testified that while wages were lowered rents were never reduced. Engineer McDonald, of the Great Western road, told how he had been blacklisted for participating in the strikes. He believed that but for the strike the wages of railway men would be lower than they are.

## RECORD OF CRIME.

Latest San Francisco Murderer Committed for Trial.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Frank Larabee, who shot and killed Effie King, his mistress, several weeks ago, has been held for murder without bail.

J. A. Smith, who was recently released from San Quentin after serving two years' imprisonment for obtaining goods under false pretences at Santa Cruz, and arrested at Seattle, has again been guilty of gulling the confiding public. He re-appeared in San Francisco about a month ago, calling upon ministers, church people and relations, informing them of his reformation and borrowing a few dollars. He succeeded in gaining a home with a workingman, G. W. Bicksford, and borrowed what money Bicksford had, representing that Bishop Nicolles and Rev. W. H. Morrel had given him charge of the Episcopal mission in this city and that Bicksford would be needed to assist Smith in his reform work. Bicksford has just learned that Smith's assertions were false and that he has just skipped away leaving numerous creditors and deluded victims behind him.

Albert Berrin, charged with absconding ten years ago from San Francisco with a thousand dollars worth of jewelry, says he will fight against extradition. He denies that he committed the theft.

Firemen's Convention.

Montreal, Aug. 18.—The visiting firemen with their wives and families are speeding home to-day. The great convention is over.

The Warrimoo.

Sydney, N. S. W., Aug. 18.—The Canadian-Australian steamer Warrimoo left here to-day for Victoria.

Freight Cars Burned.

Buffalo, Aug. 18.—A number of oil cars in the New York Central yard at East Buffalo took fire from an explosion this morning and forty-eight freight cars were destroyed. One man is reported killed and a number severely burned.

For Women and Girls.

Wonderful Value boots and shoes at Russell & McDonald's.

## EMBARGO MAINTAINED.

Canadian Cattle Will Still Have to be Slaughtered at the First Port.

Servian King Does Not Accept His Cabinet's Resignation—Cable News.

London, Aug. 18.—The final judgment in reference to Canadian cattle has been passed by the board of agriculture. Hon. H. Gardner, president of the board, has decided that the embargo must stand. Canadian cattle must hereafter be slaughtered at the first port of landing, as has been the custom since the first schedule was put in force. A parliamentary paper has been issued which declares that beyond doubt the disease with which Canadian cattle have been found to be affected is contagious pleuro-pneumonia.

The Berlin Frankfurter says that the Servian cabinet has resigned, but the king has not accepted their resignations.

Admiral Raz Voseff, commander of the Russian naval forces at Cronsdale, was shot and killed by a discharged employe. The latter suicided.

A dispatch from Pretoria says: "Chief Malabooch and two hundred Kaffirs have been captured by the government forces and imprisoned here."

Cholerine is epidemic in Paris.

## DISSATISFACTION APPARENT.

Various Bills Aiming at Amendments to the Tariff Measure.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 18.—In the senate to-day Harris' resolution providing for the appointment of White as a member of the finance committee was agreed to. Murphy's resolution that no further tariff legislation be passed this session was taken up, but was passed over temporarily. The resolution of Gray directing the committee on finance to report the measure providing for the free importation of sugar with an amendment providing for a revenue duty on sugar, without any differential on refined sugar, was then laid before the senate. Manderson moved an amendment by restoring the bounty provisions of the McKinley bill. After some discussion Manderson's amendment went over until Monday, no quorum voting.

Murphy's resolution was taken up and the yeas and nays called. The vote stood yeas 27, nays 16. Lindsay offered a resolution declaring it the sense of the senate that congress should not adjourn until the duty on sugar had been abolished. Manderson moved an amendment by directing the finance committee to report what the whiskey trust profits would be under the tariff bill. Objection was made to the immediate consideration of Lindsay's resolution and it went over. Sherman then took the floor and in a few remarks pointed out the mistakes made by the managers of the sugar bill. He declared that if the Republicans had been consulted much trouble that threatened would have been avoided. He said the bill would go but a little way towards curing the defects of the tariff bill. It would have to be amended in forty or fifty different places, and he urged the Democrats to adopt the Murphy resolution. Gray replied that no matter what the defects in the present tariff bill measure were the like of the McKinley bill would never again be placed on the statute books. A bill to repeal the revisions in the tariff bill, making alcohol used in arts free, was then laid before the senate. Harris asked for its immediate consideration. Chandler moved its reference to the finance committee, but no quorum voted.

Dominion Cabinet to Meet.

Ottawa, Aug. 18.—A big meeting of the cabinet has been called for Tuesday next. All the ministers within reach have been summoned. Sir John Thompson will likely be here by that time.

Wonderful Value Boots and Shoes At Russell & McDonald's.

Inter-State Fair.

For the Inter-State Fair at Tacoma, the steamer City of Kingston has made a round trip rate of $5.70, including two admissions to the fair.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, from August 14th to October 30th inclusive, with final limit of twenty days from date of sale.

E. E. BLACKWOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

## CLEVER BUT CYNICAL.

Words of Wisdom from a Clever Novel-Writer and Essayist.

Walter Besant, the well-known novelist, gives the following maxims, which are at once as cynical as they are clever:

Out of ten men nine are born to work for the tenth. Resolve to be the tenth.

Without trampling, the cleverest cannot get rich.

The consolation of those who fail is to depreciate those who succeed.

The greatest things are done by the greatest fools.

Wise men never attempt anything.

When you lose a leg begin at once to practice with a wooden one.

Men's motives are mercifully hidden by their shirt front.

Observe moderation in all things, especially in virtues.

The best way to make a man honest is to make him ashamed of being found out.

There may be pride even in confessing mistakes.

Everybody says that gentle birth is an accident, and everybody treats it as an achievement.

The most charming attribute of friendship is the right of candor.

All the Chinamen who come to New York spend much time examining the Brooklyn bridge.

2 VICTORIA DAILY TIMES, SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1894.

## WELLMAN'S FAILURE.

### He Tells Why He Did Not Reach the North Pole.

Tromsoe, Norway, Aug. 16.—Walter Wellman, with the crew of the crushed steamer Ragnavald-Jari, arrived here yesterday by the fishing yacht Berntone, Captain Jansen, from North Spitzbergen. All the members of the party are well.

Discussing the failure of the expedition to reach the pole, Mr. Wellman said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"After the loss of the Ragnavald-Jari and the consequent breaking up of my line of retreat, I was compelled to modify my plans for the summer's work and make sure to be able to return to the coast of Spitzbergen earlier than I intended, though the expedition reached within a few miles of the eighty-first parallel on May 12, eleven days from Tromsoe. The season had then changed to the other extreme. North of the Seven islands, situated to the extreme north of Spitzbergen, as far as we could see, were masses of heavy, unbroken ice, which appeared absolutely impassable.

"The expedition then turned its face east along the Northeast land, and then the northeast gales broke up the ice, which had promised to afford some easy travelling. The whole Northeast land was explored, the scientific men of the party making interesting observations in geology and natural history. Professor Owen French, of the coast and geodetic survey, Washington, D. C., accurately surveyed a large part of the coast. Among the points added to the map by virtue of the discoveries made during this survey are Capes Gresham, Whitney, Armour and Scott, and Walsh island.

On July 1, with seven men and an aluminum boat, I started on my way over the pack ice, but was compelled, after several days of frightful struggling with the ice, to give up the attempt. On July 4 I started to return to Walden island, crossing Dove bay. We were all compelled for hours to wade through water waist high. The screwing of the pack ice threatened to destroy the boats and sleighs, but though they were subjected to the hardest usage the aluminum boats came through unhurt. Had it not been for the protection afforded by the water tight cases progress would have been impossible in the pack ice, where the men and sleighs were half the time in water and half the time on ice. Crossing Dove bay, Alme, the meteorologist of the party, broke a bone of his right leg and had to be carried in the boats to Walden island, which was reached on July 22. We waited a fortnight for open water, and on August 4 determined to push through the ice. The attempt, which was a most dangerous one, was successful, and four boats reached Low island on August 6, where we sighted the Berntone. Eventually we hired her to convey our party to Tromsoe. We sailed from Low island on August 7 and reached Dare's island on August 8. There we took on Professor Owen, the geologist, and Hydahl, the runner and sportsman from the university of Christiania, and the stores which they were guarding for us. Though we were unable to get as far north as we hoped to get in 1894, because of the loss of our steamer and the bad nature of the season, I am determined to try the Spitzbergen route again in 1895.

## THE HARRISON CASE.

### More Serious Than Was at First Suspected—At Times He Was Prostrated by His Sufferings—How He Was Cured.

Peterboro', Aug. 13.—The case of Richard Harrison, mentioned in these columns last week, was a more serious one than appeared at first sight. He was afflicted for some years with headache, the direct result of kidney disease. In damp weather especially his sufferings were intense, and frequently prevented his doing any work. To an active, energetic man such an affliction was most grievous, and he tried many alleged remedies without relief. J. D. Tully, the well known druggist here, recommended Dodd's Kidney Pills, which Mr. Harrison used and is now thoroughly cured. He only regrets that he did not use Dodd's Kidney Pills before, for he knows that if he had he would have been well long ago.

## HAWAII CONGRATULATED.

### House Committee on Foreign Affairs Adopts a Joint Resolution.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 17.—After a spirited session of the house committee on foreign affairs yesterday, a congratulatory joint resolution from the United States to the republic of Hawaii was adopted, and it was presented to the house for adoption at the earliest opportunity. The resolution is as follows: "Resolved, that the senate and house of representatives of the United States do congratulate the president of Hawaii on the peaceful assumption of the duties and responsibilities of self-government as indicated by the recent adopotion of a republican form of government."

## THE ROYAL CITY.

### Lynn, the Savary Island Murderer, Maintaining a Cheerful Demeanor.

New Westminster, Aug. 17.—The Indians who mutined on the sealing schooner C. D. Rand, and who since their commitment have been lying in the provincial jail, were brought before Mr. Pittendrigh at eight o'clock last night, and on order of Judge Bole admitted to bail in the sum of $500 each, their own recognizances being accepted.

Hugh Lynn, sentenced to be hanged this day week for the murder of Green and Taylor at Savary island last October, maintains a cheerful demeanor in the provincial jail. He eats and sleeps well, and although displaying anxiety at times does not lose hope. He is confident that the petition sent to Ottawa praying for the commutation of his sentence will be successful, but as yet Sheriff Armstrong has not been notified of the decision of the minister of justice in the matter. Lynn has been visited frequently by his mother, who naturally is terribly grieved over the situation of the condemned man. A message which means life or death for Lynn is expected from Ottawa not later than Wednesday next.

Ah Sid, a Chinaman, who superintends the removal of the bones of dead Celestials to the Flowery Kingdom, applied to Government Agent Warwick today for permission to exhume the remains of over one hundred Chinamen for the purpose of removing them to China. The permission sought was granted and the work will be undertaken at once. The graves to be opened are scattered along the line of the C. P. R. all the way from Fort Moody to Kamloops, and are those of Chinamen who have died within the last two or three years.


DON'T LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT USING

SUNLIGHT SOAP

YOU will find that it will do what no other soap can do, and will please you every way.

It is Easy, Clean, and Economical to wash with this soap.

Agents for British Columbia: BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, Victoria, B.C.



"Montserrat"

Lime Fruit Juice.

Is the Finest Drink in the World for Hot Weather.

Cooling Refreshing Invigorating Wholesome


## CESARIO'S EXECUTION.

### An Immense Crowd of Fashionably Dressed People Watch It.

Lyons, Aug. 17.—An immense throng watched the execution of Santo Cesario, although it took place before five o'clock in the morning. The windows in the vicinity were crowded with ladies fashionably dressed. The roof tops and ever place of vantage were thronged. Fabulous prices were paid for places in windows overlooking the spot selected for the execution. This was an open space at the junction of the Rue Smith and the Rue Coursuchet, with the prison on one side, the gendarmes' barracks on the other and a large wall on the third, while the Rue Smith was barricaded about seventy meters from where the guillotine was erected. This barricade was guarded by a squad of cuirassiers, and another detachment was stationed in the Rue Coursuchet. Four hundred men of the Ninety-eight Regiment of line, in addition to five hundred police and gendarmes, formed a cordon around the place of execution. All accounts from those near the assassin at the last moment agree as to Cesario dying in abject terror.

## CABLE NEWS.

### Cholera in England—The Dread Disease Spreading in Austria.

London, Aug. 17.—A death from cholera has occurred at Battersea, on the Surrey side of the Thames. A Vienna dispatch to the Times reports 253 new cases of cholera and 161 deaths in Vienna during Wednesday and Thursday, and 54 cases and 28 deaths in Bakowina. While the troops belonging to the Cracow garrison were marching through Silesia and Galicia to take part in the artillery manoeuvres eight soldiers were attacked with cholera at Bielietz and two at Oswiecin. The populace is greatly excited, fearing that the troops will spread the disease.

Three new cases of cholera and one death were reported in Amsterdam. One case of cholera was reported in Rotterdam.

The spread of cholera in Bessarabia has induced the Roumanian government to establish a military cordon on the frontier.

The police of Schneidhamuehl, East Prussia, have closed the public baths and forbidden the use of unboiled water and raw fruit.

Among the papers seized by the Berlin police is a list of anarchists living in Germany. Most of the persons mentioned are known to the police. There are now 20 anarchists in prison in that city.

Clare, one of the anarchists arrested in the suburbs of Rome a few days ago, charged with plotting to assassinate President Crispi, has confessed that the leader of the conspirators was a man of the name of Cerequetti. Three more anarchists connected with the plot have been arrested. All the prisoners are educated men.


"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "Swayne's Ointment." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for Swayne's Ointment. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal. Wholesale agents. ta&w

Rheumatism cured in a day.—South American Rheumatic Cure for Rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause, and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose generally benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Morrison.


## THE JUDGE'S STORY.

### Hon. John M. Rice Tells How He Was Cured of Sciatic Rheumatism—Crippled for Six Years.

The Hon. John M. Rice, of Louisa, Lawrence county, Kentucky, has for many years served his native county and state in the legislature at Frankfort and Washington, and until his retirement was a noted figure in political and judicial circles. A few days ago a Kentucky Post reporter called upon Justice Rice, who in the following words related the history of the causes that led to his retirement: "It is just about six years since I had an attack of rheumatism; slight at first, but soon developing into sciatic rheumatism, which began at first with acute shooting pains in the hips, gradually extending downward to my feet. My condition became so bad that I eventually lost all power of my legs, and then the liver, kidneys and bladder, and in fact my whole system became deranged. I tried the treatment of many physicians, but receiving no lasting benefit from them, I went to Hot Springs, Arkansas. I was not much benefited by some months' stay there, when I returned home. In 1891 I went to the Silurian Springs, Wakeshaw, Wis. I stayed there some time, but without improvement. Again I returned home this time feeling no hopes of recovery. The muscles of my limbs were reduced by atrophy to mere strings. Sciatic pains tortured me terribly, but it was the disordered condition of my liver that I felt was gradually wearing my life away. Doctors gave me up, all kinds of remedies had been tried without avail, and there was nothing more for me to do but to resign myself to my fate.

"I lingered on in this condition, sustained almost entirely by stimulants, until April, 1893. One day I saw an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This was something new, and as one more drug after so many others could do no harm, I was prevailed upon to try the Pink Pills. The effect of the pills was marvellous, and I could soon eat heartily, a thing I had not done for years. The liver began to perform its functions, and has done so ever since. Without doubt the pills saved my life, and while I do not crave notoriety I cannot refuse to testify to their worth."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50), by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N.Y.

### Transcontinental Association.

Seattle, Aug. 16.—The Southern Pacific has issued invitations to all interested lines, asking them to be represented at a meeting to be held in Chicago on August 27 for the purpose of reviving the transcontinental association. It is understood that the Canadian Pacific, Northern Pacific and Great Northern are agreeable to the resurrection of the association, but it is doubtful whether the Southern Pacific will be in it, although it has agreed to send a representative to the meeting.


Give the Babies Nestlé's Food

It avoids the danger of using Impure Milk.
It keeps Baby free from Cholera Infantum.
The best doctors in the world recommend it.
Consult your own doctor.
Samples on application. Thos. Leeming & Co. Montreal.



Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.


## NAVAL CONTRACTS

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, mutton, vegetables, soft bread, biscuit, sugar, tea, flour, salt beef, milk, butter, eggs, fowls, firewood, lime, coffins and digging graves, as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
Acting Naval Storekeeper.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 3, 1894.

## Notice to Shipbuilders.

Tenders will be received here until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for building a decked scow 32 feet by 22 feet, according to specifications which can be seen on application to the carpenter of the yard.

Tenders to be addressed to the Naval Storekeeper and endorsed "Tender for building scow."

The lowest of any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN.
Acting Naval Storekeeper, etc.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 10, 1894.

## NOTICE.

Separate tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 20th day of August instant, at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation the necessary engines and boilers, dynamos and lamps, complete, for the proposed Electric Light Station.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., August 1, 1894.

## Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

## Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 30th day of November, 1891, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, the 22nd day of August, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 15, Chemainus District, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, containing 160 acres more or less, formerly occupied by Alfred Chadwick.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 7th day of August, 1894.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
12 Bastion Square, Victoria.


Trafalgar Institute.

(Affiliated to McGill University.)

No. 53 Simpson Street, Montreal.

— FOR THE —

Higher Education of Young Women

With preparatory department for girls between 10 and 14.
President, Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President, Mr. A. T. Drummond.
Principal, Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.

The institute will re-open with an efficient staff of twelve resident and visiting teachers, on

Tuesday, 11th September 1894.

The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side overlooking the City. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.

For copy of Prospectus and other information apply to the principal, at the Institute, or to

A. F. Riddell, Secretary, 22 St. John St., Montreal.



Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
my28-4m Proprietor.



Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Finnerty, Gorge Road.



CHAS. HAYWARD

(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.


## NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Tap Saloon, situate on portion of lot 100, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.

aug1-1m

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERRIFIELD.

Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Quadra's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTIETH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. aug8-1m

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Hotel Victoria, Government street, to William Wilson.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, B. C., August 9th, 1894.

## NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works a plan and description of a wharf proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 22, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.

Dated 19th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
Victoria, B.C.

jy29-1m

## Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed dated the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 31st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.


Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.

jel-tf-d&w



SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

# AUNT MIRANDY.

"Tales of Ten Travelers" Series.

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

The chief difficulty with Aunt Mirandy, a maiden lady of exceeding vigor and eccentric character, was the repression which circumstances had placed upon her natural powers. This was intensified by her possession of what might be properly termed large and permanently dormant means.

Mr. Trigtidy, who was in the manufacturing line, and who was also Aunt Mirandy's brother, had often remarked to his good wife:

"Clara Trigtidy, if Aunt Mirandy was a man, she would make the wheles of affairs go round with a hum."

"Triplebob Trigtidy, I wish she was; for then she wouldn't be here and all over every room in the house the same minute;" that lady would respond with such a show of feeling that her husband was stirred into temporizing apology and defense.

"You must admit she's a remarkable woman?"

"Remarkable."

"With tremendous powers?"

"Tremendous."

"And keen and penetrating insight into things?"

"Keen and penetrating."

"With extraordinary activity?"

"Extraordinary."

"A great factor in the church?"

"Great."

"A most original thinker?"

"Always."

"And she's got lots of money?"

"Oh, I suppose so."

"Which we'll get?"

"When?"

"Why, when Aunt Mirandy's through with it."

"When'll that be?"

"Clara, she's past sixty."

"And we're only just past forty, but really older than she?"

"Tut, tut!"

"While she has already ruled this house for twenty years; ever since a year after we were married, Triplebob?"

"And my!"

"And brought our children into the world, and took 'em out of it?"

"Gracious, Clara!"

"And worried those that lived until we had to send them away?"

"Don't put it that way, wife!"

"And engaged our servants, and selected our clothing and decided on our food and chosen our friends and made our enemies?"

"Dear, dear!—not so bad as that."

"And owned YOUR house and made me a slave instead of a wife, and you a groveling instead of a man—all for a few paltry dollars you hope to some time get?"

"Dear, dear, dear!"

"Oh Triplebob Trigtidy, isn't a real home for those you love, while you and they are yet living, more than a possible inheritance when every thing dear is gone and the grave is all there is left to long for?"

Mr. Trigtidy was astounded and confused. His good wife had never rose up to this height of protest until this moment, when, as he was about to leave for his office at a late hour of the morning, the unfortunate subject of Aunt Mirandy had again been broached.

Like most men of affairs, he had only taken the business view of his erratic elder sister. "Give me a home, Triplebob," she had said in her curt, direct way, "and when I'm gone I'll leave you a million!"

It had seemed an easy way, a good and final way, to become rich and powerful. He had only thought of that; and, like so many other well meaning men, had never comprehended or had always ignored the first sacred duty of the husband to preserve the home intact from whimsical and offensive influences, which the wife and the children almost solely suffer, from irresponsible or tyrannical relatives.

They were coming up from the breakfast room together.

"There she is, now—berating the clergyman!" whispered Mrs. Trigtidy, as she brushed a few hopeless tears from her cheek; and the two heard a shrill voice advancing from the reception room into the hallway with bland, protestive tones and irregular footfalls preceding it.

Mr. Trigtidy peered through the banisters apprehensively. He saw the gaunt but erect form of Aunt Mirandy advancing upon the backing, pursy figure of the clergyman of their own church. Her eyes flashed, her arms whirled wildly as her hands came together in resounding whacks in emphasis of her words, and her grizzled locks, disarranged from the violence of her indignant head-shakings, whipped threateningly about her scrawny neck and head.

"Huh!" snorted Aunt Mirandy. "You'll not get a penny!"

"But my dear Miss Trigtidy," gasped the astonished clergyman, dodging the newel-post cleverly.

"Don't 'but' me, sir! I won't have it. Church Extension Funds? Huh! Why don't you stop extendin'? Why don't you stop tryin' to outdo other churches? Why don't you stop your everlastin' beggin'?"

"Remember your means, your years!" pleaded the clergyman, executing a dextrous right-about-face, during which he recovered his hat and umbrella.

"My means and my years, eh?" retorted the irate maiden lady. "Hain't I' blame for my years—you better look to home!—and I wouldn't have any means left in a week, if your kind had your way!"

"I beg of you, Miss Trigtidy!"

"Of course you do! It's all in the name of the Lord? Oh, what hasn't He had to stand! It's all in the name of religion! Oh, what hasn't it had to stand! It's all in the name of charity! Oh, what hasn't it had to stand!"

"I am pained and surprised—!"

"Be, be you? So is everybody else. Ask people, if you don't believe it. Comin' here in your carriage to beg, beg, beg for 'church extension,' while thousands are starvin' all around us! Beg, plead, scheme, juggle with church politics like an alderman, and nobody hein' helped or saved!"

"This is astounding, Miss—!"

"Of course 'tis! Thought so, forty year. What's churches for? Show? Not much! What's religion for? Palace building? Not much! What's charity for? Gettin' your name in the papers? Not much! Churches and religion and charity have got to quit holdin' their heads so high, eatin' up folks' substance, and givin' nothing but sound and words sham, or everybody'll turn infidel and religion-hater, 'fore long! Oh, h-h-h!" she continued in a frenzy denunciation, "if I had my way, sir, I'd change all this with a bang!"

The clergyman had managed to get into the vestibule. Clinging to the door knob on one side, while Aunt Mirandy held fast to the other, he was gently endeavoring to close the door and bow himself out. Being in a manner on the outer and safe side of the incident, he ventured with some little satire to inquire:

"And if Miss Trigtidy had her way, how would she improve matters?"

She began improving them by giving the door spiteful pushes, which her reverend visitor gently returned, and, between these rapid openings and measured closings, various propositions of a practical and emphatic nature reached both the ears of the clergyman and the trembling Trigtidys on the basement stairway.

"I'd get off my high horses; that's what I'd do!"

"Always a good thing to do;" returned the clergyman blandly.

"I'd quit pilin' up church mortgages; that's what I'd do!"

"Good again;" was the response as the door softly swayed back upon Aunt Mirandy.

"I'd quit gettin' long haired foreigners for organists, operatic singers for choir soloists and millionaire nobodys for ushers; that's another thing I'd do!" This with an unusually vigorous push of the door.

"Ah?" floated back with a gentle swinging of the door.

"Yes; 'ah' and 'ah' again, sir; and I'd take off some of my fine duds; get out of my carriage; get along with one girl in the kitchen; and get down alongside them that needs comfortin'; that's what I'd do, too, sir!"

"You would certainly be blessed, if you could do all that, Miss Trigtidy."

"Would, would I? Yes, I would; and so would you—gettin' right down among the sore and the needy and the lame and the halt and the blind, without any long face, or airs, or I'm-better-than-you-be, about it, either!"

The clergyman had by this time got the outer door open, and he could therefore most composedly ask:

"Like all true reformers, you speak from experience, I hope?"

"Huh!—from settin' under your preachin' for twenty year," she retorted fiercely; "and from lookin' around that church and just bollin' over all the time, because—" Trigtidy. Good morning!"

"Because all the rest of us were not at that precise moment tolling in the slums, I presume? Very natural, very. We are not far apart in all these matters, Miss Trigtidy. Good morning!"

Inexpressible scorn mingled with a slight tinge of humiliation mantled Aunt Mirandy's daring face.

She slammed the door defiantly behind the departing clergyman and rested a moment against the huge carved newel-post to recover her breath.

"He's a little right, and I'm more'n right;" she panted reflectively. "Lord! I wish I was a man and a minister!"

Here Mrs. Trigtidy's hand sought her husband's with a firm pressure of approval.

"But 'taint too late! 'Tain't too late. Here I've been holdin' this house and home together for twenty year, with Triplebob a noodle and Clara a ninny. Here I've been holdin' that church togther for twenty year, and thatpreac her a pesky time server. The rest of my life I'm do some good with my own money to them that's under my own nose, my own way!"

"That means us, Clara!" whispered Mr. Trigtidy, gratified at the apparently fortunate outcome and proud of his fine foresight.

"I won't wait a day. I won't wait an hour. I'll begin this very minute!"

"Gracious!" whispered Mr. Trigtidy to his spouse. "I'm glad I'm late to business this morning. We'll be right here togther when she's in the humor!"

With this he began craning his neck above the banisters and clearing his throat as if to speak; but his more cautious wife silenced him with a gesture of protest.

"This minute!" repeated Aunt Mirandy vehemently. "Among the millions in this great city, I can certainly seek out and succor some of the vicious and distressed."

Mr. Trigtidy's luminous face was suddenly clouded with a grimace of disappointment and chagrin.

"I don't care how low they be. I'll lift 'em up by bein' humble; by bein' like 'em; by doin' like 'em; by actin' like 'em; till they're weaned from the downward path. Lord! If I only was a man and a minister! But, heaven be praised! I'm a woman and can stir things up. This very minute I'll start the stirrin'!"

She scampered up the stairs with unusual vigor, returned shortly in her plainest street attire and with a heavy face disappeared in the street; leaving the perplexed Trigtidys the temporary freedom of their own establishment.

"Well, well, Clara," murmured Trigtidy reflectively and yet compassionately to his wife, "we've stood it so long now, I hope you'll make the best of it; there's a dear. It's too much to lose."

"Triplebob," she returned, closing her eyes discouragedly, "we've stood it so long, it's too much to keep!"

But events were already rapidly shaping toward unexpected relief for the Trigtidy household.

Aunt Mirandy having gained the street, gratefully sniffed the fresh morning breeze wafted gently upfr om the great riverand gally exclaimed:

"I feel better, anyhow. Decidin' to do somethin's new life, if you don't even know the somethin' is!"

She wore so bright a face and stepped out with so elated a gait, that many looked up after with something akin to kindling sympathy.

"Lots of good people in the world yet, ain't they, now?" she asked herself in the tone of original discovery and inquiry.

"I should think there was, though!" she as heartily answered. "If we'd all get together at doin' common' every-day good, 'stead of turnin' it over to the churches for corporation religion, shuttin' our eyes to the results, mebby runnin' churches 'd be easier for the ministers, and 'twoundn't be so plaguey hard to save sinners. Mebby there wouldn't be so many sinners to worry over, either!"

With these and similar reflections, Aunt Mirandy passed from the region of aristocratic abodes through the district of prim and tidy homes, passed the doubtful territory of mixed business structures and habitations, into the roaring thoroughfares of Gotham; and then, more by instinct than from knowledge, into one of those downtown quarters where great palaces of trade wall in vast areas of squalor, vice, and crime.

At this hour of the day the smoked loathsome street through which her footsteps led, was strangely still. Aunt Mirandy was ignorant of its grewsome and dreadful night life, and the silence distracted her.

"Don't wonder they can't get along," she observed with some asperity, "when they don't mosey out in the mornin' and get to work like other folks. Mercy! Why, they look like the dead!"

She had now turned into a bend of the thoroughfares where doors, windows and hallways of the crazy old structures were all wide open. The tottering buildings were so close together that it was dark and shadowy between. Festering garbage covered the broken pavement. Foul odors emanated from every nook and cranny. The nauseous, appalling presence of putrid death itself seemed to fly at her with palpable and overpowering savagery.

In shadowy basements were stretched the revolting forms of humans of strange race and color, their features distorted as if in frightful dreams. Women and children, half nude and filthy, lay in grotesque heaps upon bare floors, or were dimly visible among piles of wretched rags. At this window or that a bare leg or arm or head hung over the sill, as though the owner's body had been dismembered and had fallen from sight behind.

Every hallway and stairway was heaped with apparently lifeless bodies. Males and females lay against steps, copings, area railings, or were stretched across sidewalks, doubled in gutters, or lay still upon the noisome stones of the street. A few of all these hideous forms and faces were pinched and thin and drawn and pallid from pain and want; but most were blowsy and bloated from fiery and endless drink.

There was a horrible fascination in the revolting scene which drew Aunt Mirandy on and on. With her skirts instinctively gathered about her and her quaint old vinaigrette clasped tightly to her quivering nostrils, she picked her way here and there, or leaped gingerly over some sodden bodies, muttering "Mercy! mercy! mercy!" all the dreadful way.

The recurring sounds of business life, the clang and clamor of the great trade thoroughfares beyond, finally recalled her to her mission.

"Huh!" she startlingly exclaimed. "If I ain't doin' just like all the rest; lookin' at these horrors like a play show and leavin' 'em horrors still! Mercy me! Where shall I begin?"

She retraced her steps and stood still for a little, shook her vinaigrette ferociously and gazed distractedly up the winding street, loathsome in its sinuous trailing as the discarded skin of a huge snake.

Just then a horrible volley of oaths, oaths from women, too, with the unmis-dark basement stairway almost beneath takable sounds of cuffings and thumpings, arrested her attention. They issued from a her.

Stepping to the iron railing, she peered cautiously into the darkness below. When her eyes had become accustomed to the shadows of the nauseous pit, she saw in the turn of the passage way a wriggling mass of heads and legs and fists and heels.

When the oaths and blows had somewhat stilled from exhaustion, she dimly discerned the forms and faces of three girls; of those girls of the slums with little, chunky bodies; with strangely symmetric forms and marvelously agile and physical powers; with unconscious and graceful movements, and often with winsomely molded features; of those girls who never knew a girlhood, between whom and maidenhood lies the impassable gulf, to whom womanhood is never bared; of those girls altogether as cunning as imps of darkness and hard as the pavement stones, from which, for all they know, or the world cares, they have been given luckless birth.

"Hight here's the place to begin!" said Aunt Mirandy determinedly.

Without hesitation she descended the slippery steps, hustled the girls upon their feet in a corner, tidied their clothing, primed their hair, rubbed their faces with her handkerchief; and all with such a rush of aptitude and unconscious kindly authority, that there was no further show of protest than the animal-like gurgles and grunts of curiosity and surprise.

"Come 'long to breakfast now; all of you!" she commanded, herding the rumpled and tousled lot before her. "Need some more myself;" she continued as the girls' eyes opened wide with astonishment. "Got rung away from mine this morning, by a beggar; an audacious beggar, too! Would n't like that, would you, girls?"

"Nope!" they chorused, slyly prodding each other with their nimble elbows while snickering brazenly.

"Here we are. This'll do;" insisted Aunt Mirandy, suddenly herding her ice into an unpretentious restaurant.

But the new patrons were now at the tables and a waiter, noticing the strange party, stepped forward with a quizzical look in his face.

"Now, no airs, waiter!" said Aunt Mirandy sternly.

"No airs, waiter," echoed the trio, "er th' old un an' us 'll do ye!—see?"

"Where's your washstand?" Aunt Mirandy demanded unmoved.

"Yes, where's de hydran' plug, corkey?" mimicked the girls uproariously.

The waiter, with solemn ceremoniousness, led the way to a little alcove, turned the water on with a swish into four basins, and retreated to a respectable distance.

"Here, go on an' get me a comb and brush!"

She gave him a bank note and an additional command: "While you're at it, bring three tidy chip hats for these three—these three young friends of mine. Keep the change."

Then, while the girls rolled up their eyes, Aunt Mirandy rolled up her sleeves.

"Wash!" she said tersely. "Here, water and soap, mind!"

She did not stand idly by. She lathered her own hands, and, one by one, soaped those girls' hands and arms and necks and heads, and scored and soused and rinsed an dried; and when the comb and brush an package of hat had come, after general directions to the waiter for "a good breakfast for four!" she worked on those girls' pretty by frowsy heads heroically; braiding this one's locks, converting into a handsome knot that one's tangled tresses, and deftly winding over her fingers the other one's curls; until anyone would have thought her a travelling hair dresser; and when the three neat little chip hats were on their heads, and they had worked over each other's not ungainly apparel with a wisp-broom in barbarously playful vim, Aunt Mirandy sat down in a chair before them in gratified admiration with the enthusiastic remark: "There ain't no three finer on Fifth Avenue!" which brought shame-dazed but proud light into their snapping eyes, the quick flush of emulation into their cheeks, and to their lips the grateful tribute to their unaccountable companion of,

"Huily gee! Git on ter w'at de fairy's did!"

Upon which they went awkwardly, because now somewhat consciously, to their table and ate like ravanous beasts, while Aunt Mirandy could scarcely watch their outlandish actions closely enough, for the mists were constantly gathering in her old and happy eyes.

"Now girls—you ain't goin' to be pestered about any livin- thing—But what's your names anyhow?" asked Aunt Mirandy encouragingly.

"De right one, er de ones us sashays roun' on?"

"Oh, just your short, common every-day ones. Them'll do."

"She's Mame, de Terror," said one, jerking her had toward the one with the Grecian knot, "kase she's de slugger of de combination;" at which Mame stole a glance of conscious pride at the surprised old lady.

"Mame's a nice name;" she responded reservedly.

"An' she's Sal Smuggs," retorted the young woman of local prowess, viciously tweaking the nose of the girl with crinkly ringlets, "kase her nose is de best part of her."

Here the girls laughed heartily and Aunt Mirandy perplexedly joined.

"Dis 'ere side partner," continued Mame with affected compassionate tolerance, as she tugged at the shining braids of the other, "is de one as breaks our hearts to git along wid. Dey call her Chub Silvers roun' de Bow'ry, kase dere ain't no free-lunch layout kin stan' up agin her. It's a sorrer ter keep this kitten in chuck, I'm givin' ye it straight. Don' yer see she's hungry an' boiler, after dis stunnin' banket?"

The girls laughed at this pleasantry and Aunt Mirandy laughed in an amazed, pitying way, as she wondered what manner of language she had stumbled upon.

"Well, Mame and Sal and Chub," she began briskly as she arose from the table, "you're just goin' to have the happiest day you ever had in all your life, if you never get another!"

"Look out for de trac's an' de chapel, now!" whispered Sal to her companions, who at once began looking glum and solemn.

"Not a bit of it!" rejoined Aunt Mirandy whose quick ears had caught the lugubrious prophesy. "It's a boat-ride; an outing!"

"Lord—it's de Tombs, an' thirty days on de Island!" whispered Chub Silvers nervously, wriggling and dodging like a young partridge ready to break for cover.

"Not a bit of it!" stoutly reasserted Aunt Mirandy in alarm. "Now, you poor little fools, do I look like a detective or a policeman, or a missionary?"

"Nope!" shouted Mame heartily.

CHOLIC AND CHOLERA MORBUS
ALWAYS PROMPTLY CURED BY
PERRY DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER.

"You're de plush jay of de town!" added Chub Silvers in tones of reassurance and approval.

"De easiest angel dat's lit on our route!" gurgled Sal Smuggs, with a smile at the earnest old lady and a wicked leer at her companions.

"I should think so!" ejaculated Aunt Mirandy with swelling pride. "No airs, neither. We're just all goin' to be friends together. Come on, now, for an outing; all day; mind you, down by the seashore. And you're just goin' to be free and happy and natural and yourselves, and do what you like and say what you like and have what you like, every blessed minute this livelong day."

Poor old Aunt Mirandy! To keep these hopeful pledges will at least temporarily trail your banners of practical religion in the dust.

A half hour later the four were wedged in among the masses of humanity thronging the great pleasure boats which daily ply between the seething city and the soothing sea.

Aunt Mirandy, already wearied from her unusual mental and physical exertions of the morning, nodded and started and gulped and snorted, all of which drew untranslatable saying from her outlandish charges for a time; but the gentle influence of the to them wondrous experience soon subdued them, stilled them, perhaps awed them; for to these waifs, whose farthest confines of observation had been the outlying towering walls surrounding the dreadful quarter where they prowled like rats, or the river's edge where they occasionally slunked to the water like fever-driven beasts, it was all a mighty voyage of discovery.

The islands in the bay, with their sinuous shores, their glowing coves rimmed by emerald verdure and the cameo-like villas above; the forests, the parks, the home-hung cliffs of radiant river shores; the innumerable ghostly harbor craft; the great Liberty Statue, with extended torch hundreds of feet above the pennants of tallest ships' spars; the frowning forts with their cannon gleaming in the sun and silent sentries with their solemn, measured march above; the Narrows, where the tides play fiercely; the lofty, luminous Highlands of the Jersey coast, fading into an indistinguishable line of mist and haze, where the fair sand-dimes and waters meet; the swaying fog-bells with their dolorous tones; the ceaseless rocking hulls with the tide; and then, as the steamer skirted the Long Island coast, the boundless ocean, bringing the first faint consciousness of measureless immensity they had ever known;—all toned and touched and tenderly tinted by the impalpable, breeze-swung pendulums of the sea's ever changing lights and shades;—wrought upon their souls so deep a spell that they at last sat mute and still, long after the thousands had scrambled from the steamer's decks; and only when Aunt Mirandy, scourged from the land of Nod by the stern hand of Silence, awakened with a snort which diverted the deck porter from a surly reproof at delay, was the blessed spell and enchantment broken; when they scrambled like merciless imps to the summer day pleasures of the shore.

As they left the great iron pier and passed the long lines of artfully arranged nickle-drehdful dens of fakers and shams, Aunt Mirandy noticed the trio's glistening eyes and craning necks; but she wheedled them past these, and finally, by gentle wiles and promises of future galeties, enticed them to the beach, where thousands, for miles in either direction, were wallowing in the sands or tumbling in the foaming surf.

In a trice she had them among the bathers, while she sat like a contented child in the sand, with smiles of satisfaction playing about her hard old face; thinking wonderful things about pratical piety, snorting and ejaculating by turns, and enjoying their enjoyment with the spirit and fervor of elated youth.

And how those girls of the slums disported in that lashing and foaming surf! How they ran and scampered, sailed and retreated, tusselled and strove! How they jumped and plunged and corvetted and darted, and blowed like frolicsome porpoises—for the time, in their unrestrained liberty, so little different, so completely indistinguishable, from the countless ones around them! And who may know but that, for this little time, they were precisely the same human animals, lifted out of taint and stain by the blessed exhilaration and abandon of old ocean's impartial waves and spume?

This is at least the view that Aunt Mirandy took of the matter, as she sat in the sand, saying precisely this manner of things, though curtly and sententious y as she occasionally recalled Triplebob Trigtidy and the minister with scorn, or brushed a tear of overflowing enjoyment from the quivering tip of her wrinkled nose.

If the breakfast had been a "stunning" banket," that dinner in the great pavilion, with the melodious rattle and clatter about them, the band playing the most enlivening music, and the soft breezes stealing up from the sea, was entirely beyond the powers of Mame and Sal and Chub to fitly praise.

But when done, Aunt Mirandy kept her word in other notable respects.

She rode with them the raging toboggan. She had their pictures taken with her grinning charges hovering open-mouthed above and behind her. She raced with them on scraggy donkeys' backs. She penetrated with them the lairs of the stuffed serpents, the dens of the stuffy fowls, and the jungles of the stuffier fortune tellers. They swayed in chariots of the mighty revolving wheel. They made startling rushes on over-head wire railways. They repeatedly paid homage to that most perennial and most entertaining of all trivalities, the mirthful tragedy of Punch and Judy. It seemed they would never finish the merry-go-rounds. In fact they indulged unstintedly in every grotesque diversion of the seaside Babel; and as the lights began to glare out along this gayest and most cosmopolitan coast of the world can show, they climbed back with the noisy throngs upon the steamer's deck; and, still stirred and enlivened by the music, the songs, the almost Bacchanalian revelries of the pleasure seekers about them, found the return sail all too short, and the white disks in the spires and towers pointing the hour of ten, when they again set foot upon the streets of the great city.

Babbling and chattering along together they at last came to a broad thoroughfare, dazzlingly glaring in its innumerable lights and in its pandemonium of sights and uncouth sounds, almost an exact night picture, only in greater magnitude, of the distracting aggragation of touters' dens they had left beside the sea.

"Huiy gee!" sighed Chub, "none's de bes' place after all!"

"Dey ain't no buckler one dat hes!" murmured Sal in sympathy.

"You're dead right, parda;" chimed in Mame, "de ol' bow'y gits over dem all!"

"Why, is this the Bowery?" stammered Aunt Mirandy, experiencing her first sense of trepidition of the day.

"Tain't no udder!" replied Chub proudly and pettishly. "Say, Aunt M'randy, ye ain't goin' back 'mong de nobs, 'thout settin' up de wet?"

"Without setting up the wet?" horrifiedly replied the old lady.

"Yes, yes, yes!" they importuned with ugly and threatening persistence, pushing Aunt Mirandy toward a dark alley near. "No Bow'ry ladies parts, 'thout doin' the lucky."

The instant the waifs had reached the famous and infamous thoroughfare, the glare of the lights, the sight of their companions, the fumes from liquor dens, and all that subtle influence which reaches its devilish clutches from the dark realms of vicious familiar association, had rehabilitated these things of the night with their savage nature, and Aunt Mirandy suddenly felt that the tables of power and authority had been turned.

Overcome with dread and fear, she dare not resist. With a rush they carried her into a dimly-lighted groggery. Scarcely knowing what they did she let the ravens have their way. They recounted the adventures of the day uproariously to the grinning frequenters of the place. They drank and sang, and pressed drink upon their new terrorized companion. It had scarcely touched her lips before everything seemed to whirl about her and her veins were on fire. She tried to speak; to plead; but she could not. She saw dim and darkly, retaining only some sort of consciousness that impish forms were dancing and cavorting about her, embracing her in ogreish glee.

Those of the ravens' ilk who suddenly saw the rest, saw a helpless old woman bundled along the loathsome alleys where she had that morning come with such pride and sturdy purpose by these savage and relentless ravens that plucked and picked and plucked, until every article of value and shred of attire about her was gone; when the pitiful old creature, bare as when she entered the world, was hustled into dark a hallway and grotesquely robed in fluttering rags. Then they pushed and shoved and carried her to the corner of a respectable street where the ravens waited until they espied an officer and hailed him jocularly at a safe distance with,

"Hi, copey—you! De ol' jay's name is Aunt Mirandy Trigtidy. Dere's a card pinned on 'er evenin' gown, dat tells wher' de angel bunks. Take 'er dere. She'll be wort' a dozen bones to ye, copey!"

With which, and with yells of glee, they disapeared in the darkness whence they came; and an hour later the perspiring policeman deposited the limp form of Aunt Mirandy in the arms of the horrified Triplebob Trigtidy, who, while his good wife moaned: "Has it come to this?" glared in contemptuous incredulity at the honest officer's tale and rewarded him for his merciful pains by slamming the door in his face.

It might have been the loss of blood, for few will admit that it could have been a twinge of quickened conscience, which, a few hours later, brought Chub Silvers, partially sobered, to a sitting posture beside her prostrate companions where, over division of the spoils, in their drunken frenzy they had tigerishly fought and tore.

"Tain't de dead hunk t'ou—no, 'tain't so!" she sniffed hoarsely.

She staggered to her feet and began fumbling about the pockets, breast and clenched hands of Mame and Sal. Then she cleared her own pockets, and with deft touches went over each articel, identifying it and calling it by name in her own strange jargon.

"She done de gran' act—so she did!" muttered Chub with a trace of indignation in her lowered tones.

Then she made a package of all the booty as best she could.

"Aunt Mirandy gits dese traps," she said fiercely, shaken her swollen fists defiantly at her snoring companions, "if Chub Silvers has ter do time!"

When she arrived at the fine Trigtidy mansion, she hovered about it until the policeman on that beat had disappeared on his rounds. Then she rang the bell stoutly and Triplebob Trigtidy himself, wakeful from already experienced calamity and closely followed by his timid and apprehensive helpmate, showed his head cautiously at a crack of the door.

"Murder!" he cried, shutting the door fast as he caught sight of Chub Silvers' disheveled clothing, portentious package and gashed and bloody face.

The bell rang again with more insistive clamor. As he once more furtively opened the door for a cautious distance he heard a window above him go up with a slam. A gray and scraggy head protruded.

"Who's there?" its voice huskily demanded.

"Its me—Chub Silvers, mum!—one o' de mugses as guv ye de knock-out drops on' done ye hunk! Aunt Mirandy, I's come wid yer traps!"

"Triplebob!—you there?"

"Ye-e-e-s, Mirandy."

"Bring the girl up to my room instanter, or—or I'll cut you off without a penny!"

In a moment more the amazed Trigtidy, his wife and the raven stood before Aunt Mirandy, who sat bolt upright in bed.

"Fetch the doctor! Bring my lawyer, too!" she shouted after her nimbly departing brother.

"I said I'd bring de duds," said the girl doggedly," if I had ter do time; an' here dey is."

A physician was soon stitching and patching the ugly gashes on Chub Silvers' hands, neck and face; and Aunt Mirandy's lawyer was beside her directly, unquestionably obeying her imperative behests.

"Write a check for five thousand, payable to the order of the ——— Church Extension Fund. I'll sign it in the morning."

The check was drawn as directed.

"Now, Triplebob," she said severely, "I'm going to cut you off—!"

Mr. Trigtidy turned pale and his wife wore the first hopeful smile her face had known for years.

"With only one-half of my property!—for Clara; for she's the one you've let stand my domineerin' all her married life."

"Oh, sister!" and "Oh, Mirandy!" came chokingly from their confused lips.

"Oh, brother!" she returned stoutly. "That's th' way it'll be. I'll keep the rest. Now, everybody get out—but Chub Silvers. She and I'll get out in the mornin'. You, Chub, go to bed on that sofy. I've had one day of reformin', hit or miss, and rather like it. 'One out of three ain't bad! Chub, lock the door!"

And as the astonished group stole whisperingly in the hallway and Chub Silvers turned the key in the lock and skulked to the sofa, as bidden, the sturdy old soldier of the cross turned on her pillow, muttered "One out of three ain't bad!" for a little, and finally sank into peaceful sleep.

Over against the Bowery, at the edge of Gotham's dreadful No-man's-land, stands a neat stone structure, where the young and the all but lost among women are rescued and saved. At any time of the day and night its welcoming portals are open to the outcast and Godforsaken; and the now gentle spirit whose heart and purse made all this so, is silver-haired Aunt Mirandy, whose faith in practical piety is still abiding, and who steadfastly holds to her original conviction, based on bitter experience, that there is a certain and blessed percentage of consummation in all earnest efforts in true reform.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

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Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jn12-tf

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SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Mugrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver, No. 2, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brethren invited.
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VICTORIA COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Pleasant streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
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Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
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SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

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All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

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New Main Spring, 75c.
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SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Maid to take charge of child. Apply between hours of 10 a.m. and 12, noon, to Mrs. W. A. Ward, Pemberton Road. aug13

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Millinery and dressmaking business. Address 129 Douglas street. a17-3t

FOR SALE—The formulas for well known proprietory medicines, favorably known in the north-west of the United States and in the east, the rights to manufacture and sell in British America; none but responsible parties need answer. Address H. F. Smith, 739 R.R. Tacoma, Wash., U.S.A. a17-1m

FOR SALE—Strong pony, light road cart and harness complete; cheap for cash. 112 North Park street. aug16-3t

FOR SALE—Caligraph typewriter No. 3 in excellent condition; a bargain for cash. Address "Caligraph," Times office. a14-tf

FOR SALE—Two story house, 5 rooms, on Frances ave., where Douglas street car passes. Price reduced from $1,300 to $850. Payable $10 cash and $10 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—A good farm at South Saanich; 97 acres, of which 92 acres is good land; 11 acres under cultivation; 1-4 acre in strawberries; fine orchard of 160 trees; a good 7-roomed modern house, stable chicken house and barn. Price reduced to $3,150. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—Several Thoroughbred English Pug Pups; also two thoroughbred Irish Setter Pups. Apply to W. McKeon, Oriental hotel. aug8-tf

FOR SALE—Several horses. Apply at 127 Douglas street. jly26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—First class store, No. 146 Government street. A. DeCosmos. a17-2t

TO RENT—Two furnished bedrooms in private family; good locality; cars pass the door; breakfast if required. Address "C. M.," this office. a17-3t

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—With or without board; large front room with fireplace; desirable location. Apply No. 6 Douglas street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET and housekeeping accommodation for a married couple. 63 Superior street. aug14-tf

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WANTED—A house to rent at $10; must be situated near centre of city, or near car line. Send particulars to "Thomas," Times office. jy24

FURNISHED ROOMS to let by the day or week at London Block, corner Johnson and Broad streets. Mrs. M. Walker.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Tenant or buyer for 8-roomed residence on Craigflower road, well built, large rooms, good garden, stables, etc.; boat landing on Gorge; no reasonable offer refused. Water front lot, nearly 1-2 acre, beautiful position, 65 feet fronting on Gorge. 2 lots on Craigflower road will be sold very cheap. Apply W. S. Smith, Sunnyside avenue, Craigflower road, Victoria West. a14-2w

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# The Daily Times.

## MINISTER BAKER CONTRADICTS.

Judging from the letter of Minister Baker, which appears in another column, the latest well-meant attempt of the Vancouver World to straighten things up for its political masters, has no greater chance of success than many of its former efforts in the same line. The organ said the generosity of the government had been imposed upon, and that many people along the Fraser had thus procured supplies to which they were not entitled, and of which they were not in need. This was a serious reflection on the government's method of carrying on the relief work, Minister Baker as the actual director of the work coming specially under condemnation. The honorable gentleman now comes forward with the assertion that the World's report is contrary to the facts, and he gives reasons in detail for its non-acceptance. Herein lies an opening for a controversy, if any other journal other than the World were concerned. But there is not much prospect of the Vancouver organ standing to its guns; it will be more likely to meekly accept its chastisement, declare that it was mistaken and heap an extra amount of fulsome flattery on the heads of the ministers by way of atoning for its "moment of weakness." Seems to us the World should save itself and its masters much trouble if it would only submit such articles to them for their approval before publication.

## AUSTRALIAN TRADE.

The Toronto Globe has made a valuable contribution to the discussion on Australian trade in the form of an exhaustive report by Mr. Carter Troop, who visited Australasia and carefully investigated the whole subject. The matter is discussed from a commercial standpoint entirely. Shorn of all sentiment the question is one that will bear investigation, and in many lines Mr. Troop holds out encouragement to Canadian manufacturers and merchants. In the matter of fish, in which product British Columbia is more directly concerned, Mr. Troop writes:

"With respect to fish, I have to report that to insure a large demand shipments should be so timed as to arrive in Australia one month before the beginning of the Lenten season. The demand at other seasons of the year is intermittent and cannot be relied upon. The fishing industry has been much neglected in Australia—the result, in part, I apprehend, of the cheapness and abundance of fresh meat, but chiefly owing to the fact that the waters are at a much higher temperature than in our districts, and accordingly the fish are inclined to be soft, and without much flavor. The schnapper is said to be the most valuable of all the Australian fishes, and is abundant, but a rapid decomposition is a marked feature, I understand, of most of the fish caught in the southern seas. The supply of fresh water fish is exceedingly limited. For these reasons Canada finds in Australia a ready market for the unsurpassable fish which she has in such wealth and profusion. But the greatest care must be exercised to ship only the very best, and in the most attractive form. For mackerel, shad and our lake fish, packed in bring like salmon, and done up in small firkins or kegs, Canadians will find in Australia a wide market. The fish must be properly packed, else the trade will drop, as it did when tried 20 years ago. Fresh, kippered and red herrings, haddock and cod are all popular fish, but must be of excellent quality. The experimental shipments of frozen salmon have proved successful, and if properly and judiciously handled by dealers should become one of the chief features of the trade. Against canned salmon there is a slight prejudice on account of one or two cases of poisoning which have occurred. The prejudice can be removed only by the most scrupulous care being constantly exercised on the part of the shippers. The poisoning is the result of careless soldering, or the use of injurious materials to expedite the process of soldering. Apart from this the canned salmon is considered a choice article of diet, some people preferring it to the frozen salmon."

Among the other products which British Columbia could supply are slates for roofing purposes and furniture in a "knocked-down" condition. The lumber of our province has obtained a foothold in Australia and the demand for it is steadily increasing. In this line there is a field for the enterprise of our sawmill owners. Mr. Troop says:

"In New South Wales the timber trees of hard woods predominate, both in variety and in the area covered by the forests, the soft woods being limited to the brush forests of the coast districts. The Morton bay, or colonial, pine, which is much used for joiners' work and for flooring, is a very unsatisfactory timber, as it not only swells during wet weather, but rapidly decays if exposed to wet and dry weather alternately. Some of the most easily worked of the soft woods have a peculiar tendency to shrink, even after thorough seasoning, so we are not surprised to find the importation of timber is very considerable. In 1891 the quantity amounted to 17,147,100 feet of dressed timber, valued at £147,000, and 88,015,800 feet of undressed, valued at £575,600, besides which there were sundries to the value of £38,300, consisting chiefly of doors, laths, and shocks and staves, the total value of timber imported being £760,900. Over 49 per cent. of all the timber imported by New South Wales comes from South Australia and New Zealand. Scandinavia and the United States come next in order, and then follows the Canadian Dominion, which exports to Australia about 6,000,000 feet per annum. Other things being equal, the Australians are more ready to import from Canada than from the republic or Scandinavia. It should not be difficult, therefore, to increase greatly the amount of our exports in this important business. The shingles of British Columbia, for instance, are the best that can be obtained anywhere."

A Montreal Star's cable from London says British exports to Canada during July declined 40 per cent., the heaviest declines being in cottons, woollens, silks and iron. The imports from Canada are stationary. This enormous falling off in the volume of our trade with the mother land occurred during the first month under Foster's new tariff.

## FRASER VALLEY RELIEF.

To the Editor: In your article yesterday I saw the extraordinary statements copied from the World commenting on the abuses said to have been committed in distributing government relief to the sufferers from the floods in the Fraser river valley.

The reports are entirely contrary to fact. In no case did I give money relief or hold out any hope that it would be given; on the contrary, I distinctly informed the applicants that it would not be given. When food was supplied it was always on the recommendation of well known and responsible people of the locality. There may be some isolated instances of deserving cases having been overlooked, as was only natural in such a large area, but I am quite sure that they are exceptional.

There were cases of farmers in good circumstances but who could not get seed in time to sow their crops after the water subsided, and they asked for and obtained seed on the condition that they afterwards paid the government for it.

The same thing was done in some cases with fodder for horses which were starving. The farmers could not get transport for their hay, and therefore bought it from the government transport.

Now that the lands which were flooded are green with crops through the instrumentality of the government's timely assistance with seed, it is easy to minimize the damage caused by the water, but it must be remembered that without such assistance there would be no crops at the present time, and consequently no winter supply of food for stock.

It is easy to criticize after the event.

Yours truly,
JAMES BAKER.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
Victoria, Aug. 18.

## COOKERY IN SCHOOLS.

To the Editor:—By all means let us have cookery taught to our girls. Some may think that the school syllabus is rather extensive as it is, but it is quite obvious surely to every thoughtful parent in esse and husband in posse that some little modicum of existing anatomical, physiological and botanical lecturing might fairly give place to practical chemistry, a knowledge of which is the true and lasting foundation of necessary house knowledge. If we are to have cookery added to our syllabus let our girls be taught how to manage when the goodman's exchequer is small and uncertain, and when the cupboard suffers from a chronic vacuum; when the coal is not to be had and the wood is damp. The subject must not be classed as an accomplishment but as a necessity. Let the children buy the material for the lesson out of their small savings, let the teacher show them how to make the most of it and, above all, let the results of the lesson be partly consumed by the operator, and partly by those who know not what it is to have a satisfactory meal.

DUNCAN.

## SEWERS.

To the Editor:—Now there is a prospect of employment for the people who have been so long without the means of support, why not adopt the principle of our neighbors over the Sound, that is, let the contractors give the work to our deserving unemployed citizens. The money comes from the taxes, etc., levied on the people. It is by a vote from the Victoria citizens these loans and debentures have been raised. These foreign wanderers should not be countenanced by the contractors or Victorians, any more than the Chinese. By the mayor and aldermen watching the interests of the people (who reside here and help to bear their burden of the taxation), as it is their duty to do, and to discriminate between bona fide citizen laborers and aliens, who are constantly on the qui vive through their agents to rush into cities to the disadvantage of those residents who have their homes and families to provide for in these hard times.

If this is not heeded the evil will be great and the sooner, as in Toronto and other cities, a Citizen Ratepayers' Association is started the better. Their duty would be to watch these and municipal matters to the interest of the people.

V. E. O.

## A USEFUL INVENTION.

By Which Meat May be Frozen in Fifteen Minutes.

St. Johns, Nfld., July 29.—A few days ago Mr. Adolph Neilson, the superintendent of fisheries at this place, exhibited in presence of a large number of fishing captains, "planters," fishermen, and the general public a new apparatus for freezing fish or any other animal substance, which is so simple, inexpensive, and easily worked that it promises to be of immense benefit to our fishermen, and to all interested in the fisheries, especially in connection with the preservation of bait. It frequently happens that our fishermen lose a third or a fourth of the whole fishing season from the want of bait. Day after day the cry is, "Plenty of fish but no bait!" Our bait fishes are herring, capelins and squids. These strike in on the shores and in the bays in enormous shoals, and with wonderful regularity. Each has its season, and then disappears into the unknown depths of the ocean, giving place to its successor. But in very frequently happens during the season of any one of these species of bait fishes, the shoals suddenly leave portions of the coast and do not reappear for days and weeks. In such a case the fishermen who are plying hook and line or bait-using devices are left idle. The cod may be around in myriads, but without bait the poor toilers of the sea are left powerless. This want of bait often entails most serious losses and shortens the season's catch. It is evident that if the fishermen had any means of preserving bait in a fresh condition they could take it in any quantity when it is plentiful and store it up for the time of famine.

Mr. Neilson's apparatus is designed to meet this difficulty, though it may also be used for many other purposes. Its construction is so simple, that any fisherman, after seeing it, can easily make a freezer for himself, and the cost is almost nothing. All that is needed is a stout barrel, some coarse salt, and ice chopped into small pieces. This is all that is wanted for the new freezer, which is at once cheap and expeditious in its operation.

Of course, ice and salt mixed have long been in use to produce an intense degree of cold, and thus freeze various articles. The apparatus for making ice cream is a familiar illustration of this. Hitherto, however, this method has aimed at freezing articles indirectly. Either the ice or salt have been inclosed in metreceivers in isolated rooms, and the cold produced by their intermixture penetrates into the atmosphere of the refrigerating rooms, and so lowers the temperature as to freeze any articles, such as fish or meat placed within them to undergo the process, or the articles to be frozen have been enclosed in metal vessels, of various construction, and then buried in the salt and ice. Both these methods are slow in operation. The latest and most improved American salt and ice freezer requires from 14 to 17 hours to freeze a herring hard. In neither system is there and motion or rotation of the freezing mass.

By Mr. Neilson's method half a barrel of herrings are frozen as hard as a piece of wood in from ten to fifteen minutes. A description of the apparatus will enable anyone to make it for himself.

A common barrel, such as a pork barrel, is taken, and inside is placed four wooden flanges or laths, and fastened to the sides, the sharp edge outward. They are placed diagonally, so as to make two irregular triangles. The object of adjusting them in this oblique position is to mix and rotate the articles to be frozen with the ice and salt when the barrel is put in motion. The barrel is then loaded half full with alternate layers of ice and salt, the proportion being three parts of ice (or snow, which is equally good) and one part of salt. Whether the ice or salt is put in first makes no difference. In the present experiment three shovelfulls of ice were first put in and then one of salt, and so on alternately until the barrel was half filled. Then the barrel was filled up with fresh herring and headed. The head of the barrel is not pointed around the edges in the ordinary way, and the "chimes" are cut down perpendicularly to the cross, in order to make it easier to put on the square-edged head in and take it out. The barrel thus boarded and headed up was placed on its side on the floor and rolled one and a half turns on its bilge forward, then back one and a half turns. This rolling was continued for 15 minutes at a moderately quick rate of speed, which must be learned by experience. If too slow, longer time for freezing is required. At the end of 15 minutes the head of the barrel was removed. The whole contents of the barrel were intermingled, and the whole herring found to be frozen almost as hard as a rock. They were then placed in sawdust and examined at the end of a fortnight, and found to be as hard as ever, without the least sign of softening. Four more barrels were treated in the same way. So intense was the cold that one of the men got the tips of his fingers frostbitten in handling the herrings. Where sawdust cannot be obtained dry mould or moss will do almost as well. The ice and salt can be used over again many times, so long as it will last.

Those who witnessed the experiment expressed warmly their delight and astonishment. There was but one opinion as to the great benefit this barrel freezer will confer on our fishermen. Captain Blandford, one of the most intelligent and experienced of our fishermen, declared that if he had had such a freezer with him last year on Labrador it would have been worth $1,000. Invariably he lost each Monday procuring bait, as he had no way keeping it fresh from the Saturday, and sometimes one or two days more from want of bait. Captain Whiteley, another Labrador man, was equally emphatic in its praise. The fishermen were not less enthusiastic.

Mr. Neilson is to exhibit the invention in Harbor Grace and other outports. Large numbers of these freezers will be speedily in use.

Mr. Neilson stated that he is not the inventor, but a friend and countryman of his in Norway, named Mr. Wallems, who has sent him a model and permitted him to use it in this country. The fisheries department will no doubt send an honorarium to the inventor as an acknowledgment of his kindness.

It is easy to see that the benefits of such an ingenious but simple apparatus will not be confined to freezing bait. Fish of all kinds—cod, salmon, trout, lobster—can be frozen and kept fresh. Game, poultry, beef, mutton, venison can be treated by this method. Householders will at once see its manifold uses. Once it is made known the fishermen of all countries will be sure to get it.

In Newfoundland it will be worth many thousands of dollars annually to the fishermen. The poorest fisherman can have his own freezer, or a number of them can combine, and with a single freezer lay up an abundant supply of bait. A small ice house in each village would give ample supplies of ice for working the freezer.

The result of the experiments goes to show that the herrings frozen in this way will keep, even in small quantities, for a month. In large quantities they could be kept for two, perhaps three months.

## TO A BREWERY FOR WATER.

Pure Cold Liquid From a Chicago Brewery Well.

The Chicago Tribune says: It probably would appear odd to most persons to suggest that they go to the brewery for water, yet every day hundreds of Chicagoans go to a lager beer "factory" for water to drink. It is a big brewery on the north side, not far from Lincoln Park, and every day from early morning until long after darkness has set in there is a constant stream of people with pitchers, buckets, bottles and jugs going to and from the place where the German national beverage is brewed, but not one of these leaves the place with anything stronger than rich mineral water. Whether it was to escape paying water taxes or whether the old brewer deemed "Chicago water" unfit for his purposes is not of interest now. Whatever was his purpose he sunk an artesian well and struck a voluminous flow of water. It is literally "sparkling" and almost as good as beer—this from an individual point of view, of course. The well yields a great deal more water than is needed by the brewers, and anyone is welcome to enter the place and help himself or herself to as much as he or she can drink or carry away. Practically everybody in the neighborhood avails himself of this opportunity to get good water for table use. The water has a commercial value in a small way besides its use in the manufacture of beer. The small boys thereabouts have their little "routes" and regularly supply customers with "brewery water" receiving for it ten or twenty cents a week. Nor is this all. There hangs by the "public spigot" to this well a cup, and the fame of the brewery and its water is such that hundreds drop in for a draught of this refreshing "Adam's ale." Wheelmen and tennis players—men and women—who have been for an outing in Lincoln Park go to the brewery for the drink that cheers but does not inebriate.


A Boon to Horsemen.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lumps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifles and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

## BRIEF LOCALS

**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.**

—Oil stoves at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Special meeting of the city council to-night at 8.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—A Japanese and Chinese team will enter the tug of war contest at the fall exhibition.

—Special meeting to-night of the school trustees. The overcrowding of the classes will be the subject of consideration.

—The will of Practice E. Conomy requests you to try the "Gem" blend of tea. It surprises and pleasese everybody. Only 30 cents per pound. Victoria Tea House, opp. P. O. *

—At the meeting of the Sir William Wallace Society last night a paper was read on the late Major Wilson. A programme of weekly entertainments is being prepared for the winter season.

—Great Northern railway special excursion rates in favor of Knights of Phythias conclave at Washington, D. C. Round trip fare to Washington, D. C., good for 60 days, from August 20, 21 and 22, $72.75.

—Several Victoria wheelmen left by the Charmer this morning for Vancouver to take part in the wheelmen's meet at that city. The racing track at the terminal city is said to be in first class condition. An illuminated bicycle procession will be one of the features of the meet.

—Triumph lodge, No. 16, I. O. G. T., held their regular weekly meeting in the Blue Ribbon hall, Esquimalt, on Thursday evening. After the business was disposed of, which occupied a time, the following furnished an interesting programme: Mrs. Newbigging and Messrs. Stafford, Griffin and Moody.

—Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T., held their regular weekly meeting in Sir William Wallace hall, Broad street, on Tuesday evening. Arrangements were made for the organizing of Sunday evening Gospel temperance meetings, when it is hoped that all who can will assist in the work. Visitors are cordially invited to attend.

—Miss Sadie B. Dunnington and Geo. Whiteside were married by the Rev. S. Cleaver last night. The wedding took place at the residence of Mrs. Dunnington, 168 Fort street. Mr. William Dunnington gave the bride away. Miss Nellie Dunnington and Miss Annie Carlyon were bridesmaids, and C. H. Bowes was groomsman. Numerous pretty wedding presents were received by the happy couple.

—The provincial government have been petitioned to build a public school at Fowl Bay. The petition was presented yesterday to Hon. J. H. Turner by a deputation consisting of J. P. Walls, D. H. McNeill, A. G. Eden and Arthur Marrion. The deputation expressed the wish that in connection with the regular scholastic studies the boys be given manual training and the girls be taught sewing and cooking.

—It is quite as possible to obtain a good cheap stained glass window as it is a good expensive one. The art of harmonizing the colors can be as readily achieved in the one as in the other. McCausland & Son, 68 King street west, Toronto, can be relied on to give satisfaction in household art stained glass and ecclesiastical windows of every description. They have a staff of skilled designers and artisans constantly employed at such work, and fill any size order promptly.

—Mr. W. McKeon, of the Oriental hotel, has twenty carrier pigeons, some of which have made remarkable records. A pair of five months old birds were sent to Duncan's station yesterday, and flew home, a distance of thirty-five miles, as they fly, in 53 minutes. This morning they were sent over to Point Wilson on the Rosalie and let loose. They returned about noon. This afternoon the same birds made a trip from Sidney. Mr. McKeon has in his coop one five hundred mile bird and several others that hold California records. Another pair are now on their way from the east for him.

—The Rev. W. E. Copeland, of Tacoma, will give a lecture on "Some Eastern Teachings of Jesus, and the signs of the times as viewed by Theosophy," in the Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street on Sunday and Monday, August 19th and 20th, at 8 p.m. The objects of the Theosophical Society are thus set forth: To form the nucleus of a universal brotherhood of humanity without distinction of race, creed, sex, caste or color. To promote the study of Aryan and other eastern literatures, religions and sciences. To investigate unexplained laws of nature and the psychical powers latent in man.

—The Sauer liquor case will probably prove very interesting. The case was called in the police court this morning and was continued until Thursday morning to give the parties to the case a chance to fully post themselves on the law, to be ready with the citation of authorities and to have all witnesses on hand. G. C. Sauer is the proprietor of the Bank Exchange; he keeps a saloon and also has a restaurant attached. The charge against him is that he sold liquor between the hours of 11 o'clock on Sunday night and 1 o'clock on Monday morning, being a prohibited period under the liquor license regulation act so far as saloon keepers are concerned. Mr. Sauer is said to have only a saloon license. That is the only liquor license that the books of the city treasurer's office record. Mr. Sauer, however, has a trade license as a restaurant keeper. He has been advised by good local legal authorities that he has a right to supply liquor to his restaurant patrons. The legal points involved will be more than technically interesting.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Two thistle cases were up in the police court to-day. Five dollars each.

—J. W. Patethorpe was drowned in the Columbia river at Golden yesterday.

—The electric light question will be the subject of discussion at the council meeting to-night.

—Major and Mrs. Read of the Salvation Army, closed their series of meetings in Victoria yesterday.

—Lieut.-Governor Mackintosh, of the Northwest Territories, is coming west for the benefit of his health.

—A Chinese child fell from the verandah of the store of Way Yuen last night. It sustained very painful injuries.

—You can combine pleasure with labor by the use of the "Acme" or "Peerless" clothes wringers. Weiler Bros. have them.

—The wreck of the bark R. K. Ham, recently stranded on Dungeness Spit, was sold at Port Townsend on Thursday to L. B. Hastings for $591.

—Phineas Manson, who is wanted by the police for vagrancy, is not the Phineas Manson of the Victoria fire department.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—We don't want to sell a second rate article. That's why we sell the "Acme" and "Peerless" clothes wringers. They are first-class. Weiler Bros. *

—Great Northern railway—Special excursion rates in favor of Grand Army Republic encampment at Pittsburg, Pa. Round trip fare, good for 60 days from September 2, 3 and 4, $65.

—Beauty of finish attracts the eye. That is one reason why the "Acme" and "Peerless" clothes wringers will command your attention when buying a wringer. Weiler Bros. sell them. *

—Sheriff McMillan yesterday sold J. W. Cater's property on Kane and Rae streets under a supreme court judgment. There was one lot on each street, the two being bought by Mrs. Carter for $1300. A horse and carriage were sold for $80.

—The ladies of St. James' intend holding a garden party at the residence of Mrs. W. J. Goepel, Simcoe street, on Tuesday, the 21st inst., from 3 to 7 p.m. Music, archery, Aunt Sally and several other novelties will be provided. An enjoyable time may be anticipated.

—The regular meeting of Acme lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F., was held on Monday evening. Next Monday there will be an initiatio nad work in the second degree. There will also be some very important business to come before the lodge, and a good attendance is requested.

—Ald. Styles thinks the city council has done enough begging the Dominion government to transfer the Indians from the Indian reserve to other grounds, and will move in council that a petition be presented to the lieut.-governor in council urging on the provincial government the necessity of immediate action.

—A meeting was held last evening in Odd Fellows' hall for the purpose of organizing a new lodge of the I. O. O. F. W. E. Holmes presided and gave the necessary instructions as to the course to be pursued. A number of gentleman announced their intention to procure withdrawal cards and apply for a charter, and others put down their names as intending charter members. It was decided to hold another meeting next Saturday evening, and in the meantime a paper will be kept at the office of Mr. Hanna, 102 Douglas street, for signatures.

—The following is the cast in the operetta, "Cupid Among the Flowers," to be given at the Victoria on Friday evening next:

Fairy Queen.....Little Mabel Lyons
White Rose and Queen of Night.....
.....Miss Emma Johnson
Yellow Rose.....Miss Lily Lyons
Capt. Starlight, of the "Eleves".....
.....Master Isadore Cohen
Kingof the Leaves and Cupid's Friend.....
.....Master Sammy Johnson
King of Night.....Miss Victoria Penketh
Cupid.....Miss Nettie Cohen
Butterflies.....Misses Ethel Shepard, May King, Ethel St. Clair and Lily Lyons.
Fays, Fairies, Buds, Leaves, Fowers and Elves by 70 little girls and boys.

—Ald. Harris will move at the next meeting of the city council that each application for a burial permit to the city clerk be accompanied by a certificate of death signed by a registered medical man or by the health officer and that the certificate set forth in full the cause of death. At present the city only requires certificates in the case of the burial of Chinese, with the end in view of ascertaining whether the Celestials died of an infectious disease. The provincial statutes require that death registrations be made, but Ald. Harris thinks that the city should not be wholly neglectful in this matter. The Times nine months ago alluded to the possibility of "dark work" being done under the existing by-law, or rather want of a by-law.

**Hot for Washington.**

The Northern Pacific will place on sale on August 20th, 21st and 22nd, tickets to Washington, D. C., and return, account of K. of P. Biennial Conclave at Washington, Aug. 28th, for $72.75. Return limit east of St. Paul, September 8th, with privilege of extension to 15th. Limit west of St. Paul, 60 days from date of sale. Full information and tickets at city ticket office, E. E. Blackwood, general agent, Victoria, B. C. *

**The Hotel Victoria is now prepared to make exceedingly low rates for boarders with or without rooms. The table and service are acknowledged to be without equal in the city.**

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large CRAYON, $1.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

## SPORTS AND GAMES.

**Arrangements Made for Amusements for Exhibition Week.**

The sports and games committee for exhibition week met last evening and decided on the following outline:

Monday—Yacht racing, the management of which is in the hands of the yacht club.

Tuesday—Opening exercises of the association, when the exhibition will be opened by the governor-general, after which a parade of choice stock will take place. A series of bicycle races will follow, the management of which will be in the hands of the Victoria Wheelmen.

Wednesday—America's Day—Firemen's international tournament in the afternoon, followed by an international baseball match.

Thursday—Canada's Day—A lacrosse match, Mainland vs. Island. The B. C. B. G. A. band will be present provided they can be secured, which is very probable.

Friday—Citizen's and children's day—All the children attending the public schools will assemble at the central school under their respective teachers, and headed by a band of music will proceed to the grounds. Here a chorus of 50 trained children will sing national airs. The afternoon will be spent in horse racing. Handsome purses will be given and a number of interesting events are assured.

Saturday—Horse racing to which the greater part of the day will be devoted. A football match will take place in the afternoon. Each evening of the exhibition an international tug of war will take place the final of which will be pulled on Saturday evening.

The finance committee will be asked to appropriate $1700 as follows: Baseball $100, firemen's races $125, lacrosse $100, bicycle races $100, horse races one thousand dollars, football $100, tug of war $125, expenses in connection with children's day $50. Total $1700.

The following sub-comittees were appointed: America's day, baseball and firemen's races—Messrs. Schultz, Tulloch and Deasy. Canada's day, lacrosse and other events—Messrs. Eckhardt, Morphy, Drury, Ellis and Maclure. Citizen's day—Messrs. Tolmie, Tulloch, Ker, Falconer, Munn, Ald. Humphrey, Schultz, J. Braden, Maclure and Shedden. Tug of war—Messrs. Falconer, Letticrow, Fraser, Warren, Shedden, Deasy and Tulloch.

**Marine History of the Northwest.**

The following leter from a gentleman who has been connected with British Columbia's marine interests from his boyhood is self-explanatory:

Office Canadian Pacific Nav. Co., Ld.,
Victoria, Aug. 13, 1894.

Messrs. Lewis & Dryden, Publishers of Marine History of the Northwest:

Gentlemen: I have received advance sheets of your Marine History, and have examined the method of compiling the work as pursued by Mr. Wright, the editor, and am much pleased with the same, and take pleasure in recommending it to the support of all interested in marine matters, and particularly in the History of early steamboating in British Columbia, Washington and Oregon, as well as to others who desire to see a record made of this branch of the early history of the Northwest. It will also furnish interesting reading for the public in general, as a plain recital of many of the incidents relating to this business will read like a romance. Very truly yours,

(Signed,) JOHN IRVING.
Manager.

E. W. Wright, editor of the above mentioned work has headquarters at Hotel Wilson, this city, and is here for the purpose of completing the British Columbia portion of the history.

**Attention.**

Account Grand Encampment G. A. R., Pittsburg, Pa., September 8th, the Northern Pacific railroad will sell round trip tickets at $65. Tickets on sale September 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Return limit east of St. Paul, 60 days from date of sale. East of St. Paul, September 26. Full information at city ticket office, E. E. Blackwood, general agent, Victoria, B. C. *

**Sole Manufacturers**
Of Wonderful Value boots and shoes, Russell, McDonald & Co. 134 Douglas street.

Labor Saved . . .
By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to Findley's Borax Soap for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.
. . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

The British Columbia
SUGAR REFINERY
...PRICE LIST...

| | |
|---|---|
| Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags | 4¼c. per lb |
| Yellow, according to quality, | 3¾ to 4¼c. " |
| Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags, | 5½c. " |
| Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls. | 6c. per lb. |

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 18.
Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 18 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

I am going to the nearest store that keeps

BABY'S OWN SOAP,

and must not forget what mother said about being sure to get the genuine.

Cash. . .
We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at rock bottom figures. . . . .
Groceries, Agate Ware, Mason Preserve Jars, Oil Lamp Stoves, Etc. . . . . .
Cars of Hungarian Flour, Wheat and Midlings just arrived. . .

We Quote
Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour $4.50 per bbl
Vancouver Gran. Sugar $4.50 per cwt
Wheat.....$1.25 per cwt

Give us a call at 261 Douglas Street.
JOHNS BROS.

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.
RATTRAY & HALL
Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.
Special Rates for Carload Lots.
OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 93.
Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

To
All who are interested in having their home nicely fitted up with the latest, prettiest and most useful things in china, furniture, curtains, lamps, bric-a-brac, etc., or who may
Be
concerned as to what they shall select as a wedding, birthday or other present, we would suggest as a good place
Or
rather the best place for articles in these lines, the large and elegant store of Weiler Bros., Nos. 51 to 55 Fort street, where will be found a wide range for both the tastes and purses of all classes, since the products
Not
only of Canada, but of the United States, England, Germany, and other countries are there
To
contribute to the pleasure of a selection, and since it is the firm's constant aim to make prices as low as good workmanship and the cost of doing business will permit them to
Be

PUBLIC NOTICE.
The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
Private entrance for Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

# CHINA AND JAPAN.

### Fighting Strength of the Countries Compared—The Smaller is the Stronger.

### China's Method of Settling Disputes in the Past—Army Poorly Equipped.

It is well known there is no love lost between the Japanese and Chinese and Manchus. They have been bitter enemies for centuries, hence an inveterate hatred which shows up whenever the slightest trouble occurs between them commercially or officially. The Japanese are naturally a warlike race, ready to take arms on the first sound of the tocsin and fight to the bitter end against all comers. The Chinese, on the other hand invariably take a back seat when there is any fighting to be done. It may always be relied upon that unless they are cornered, or with great odds in their favor they will never fight but resort to treachery; this failing, then to a money payment.

It has been manifest to residents in China and Japan that it was only a question of time, and some cause to justify the same, when Japan would try conclusions with her overgrown neighbor. On several occasions war seemed imminent but at the last moment China always gave up the contention, finding that bluster had no effect upon Japan. In 1873 a Soochoo junk was wrecked on the Island of Formosa. The crew on landing were robbed and then murdered by the natives. Japan demanded redress and the punishment of the murderers. This China refused to grant, giving Japan to understand that she could punish the natives if she wished. Japan sent warships, landed men and punished the natives severely, after which, claiming the rights of conquest, she refused to retire her men until she had been indemnified in the cost of the expedition. The usual threats were made time and again —"much thunder but no rain." China then had recourse to some of the foreign powers, who induced Japan to settle the matter peacefully, China by treaty, signed October 31, 1874, paying the indemnity demanded. The island of Formosa, being part of the Fokien province, the initial question of redress was negotiated there. The dread displayed when the Japanese warship (sloop) was seen coming up the river was laughable. A number of the officers and of the crews of the Chinese warships (of which there were four, each twice the size of the Jap) found there was most urgent necessity for them to go ashore, ample excuses being made and it was only after the Jap came to anchor and made no demonstration that the panic ceased. To convince the Japs that they were quite prepared a number of boatmen were impressed during the night to supplement their own crews. The next morning the warships were decked out with flags at each masthead (flags, umbrellas, fans and paper lanterns form no small part of a Chinese fighter's paraphernalia); the decks were crowded with men in their war uniforms, making quite a martial display in their exercises, with drums beating, bugle playing and noise—the Chinese method of showing their enemies their skill. The officers and crews of these vessels were trained by English naval officers—Commander R. E. Tracey, now rear-admiral, and after him Captain Lyanore.

It was manifest to any visitor to the Japanese vessel that she was well manned and disciplined, the officers and men being trained to the sea even at that date, 1874. Herein lies their superiority over the officers and men of the Chinese navy. Japanese are trained from their youth, therefore, are at home on board their ships; Chinese are grown men when they are engaged. Again their vessels are run with from a half to two-thirds of their proper crew, the money thus stolen being divided among the higher officials. When any official examination is made, notice is given and men are impressed or engaged for the occasion. It is just the same in the army. The immense Chinese army is made up on paper only. Those who have lived in China have seen the ragtag and bobtail, the rakings of the streets, who are engaged and impressed on short notice and called in official writings soldiers. One hundred trained men would drive one thousand of them like chaff before the wind. This is well known by the Manchus, the reigning dynasty, hence their always being prepared to make a money payment to settle any dispute rather than decide the question, no matter how important, by force of arms. The Manchus do not trust the Chinese, therefore acquiesce, in other words, tacitly put up with the situation of the two evils. It is far less dangerous than having an efficiently equipped army in each province ready on the least provocation to rise in rebellion. Each large city is guarded by Manchu Tartar soldiers, who are responsible for the same. The military officer, judge and treasurer are Manchus; the viceroy and some civil officials are Chinese, who are, as a rule, changed every three years to guard against any dangerous combines. By these measures the Manchu Tartars, an alien race, have despotically ruled over the immense empire of China, the area of which, including Mongolia, Manchoria and Thibet is computed at 3,829,-035 English square miles, with an estimated population of 428,216,152, and like many other things in China very much over-estimated.

Emperors of China have claimed, as long as we have had dealings with China, to be the supreme ruler of all beneath the sky. No audience, until recently, was granted to the representatives of other nations, except they performed the kowtow, i.e., went on their knees and acknowledged their vassalage. Notwithstanding the different wars and indemnities paid, it has always been set forth that foreigners were barbarians who had rebelled against their supreme emperor. This claim has been the source of serious trouble time and again. In 1879 China claimed suzerainty over the Loochoo isles, which Japan would not allow, and it is doubtful if the question is settled now. This claim originated from the annual visit to Foochow of two large Loochoo trading junks, which in consideration of the privilege of trading always made offerings to the emperor through the high Chinese officials.

In 1884 Admiral Courbet destroyed on the Min river (Foochow) eleven foreign built and twenty-eight Cantonese junks, and destroyed their forts and did other damage, including the sinking of two large warships in 1885; bombarded Chinhai, at the entrance of the Hung river (Ningpo) before the question of suzerainty over Annam was settled by treaty signed 9th June, 1885.

China's suzerainty over Corea has now cropped up again. A treaty of peace and friendship was signed between the Emperor of Japan and the kingdom of Corea (chosen) on the 21st of February, 1871, in which China had no voice, nor did she then object, but has never lost any opportunity of making trouble between them, no doubt at the instigation of interested foreign powers. Corea is only a few hours' steaming from Japan. Considerable trade is now carried on, with every prospect of a large increase. It is therefore a question of serious importance to Japan that Corea's autonomy be observed. The Siberian railway will no doubt have one outlet on the Corean peninsula, which will enable Japan to place her fine commodities on the markets of Europe in from twelve to fifteen days.

In 1884 Japan was on the point of war with China, owing to serious trouble in Corea. Again the evil day was staved off with an apology and a money payment. It was then agreed that each should retire their soldiers and not send any more unless mutually agreed upon. The surreptitious attempt to land a large body of troops was the cause of the present embroilment.

The question for consideration is what are the prospects for success on either side? If we should base our judgment on the relative size, population and wealth of these empires, it would be that Japan had not the slightest prospect of success in any appeal to force of arms. We also know that China can and does build and equip completely with arms of their own manufacture warships of large size at her arsenals in Shanghai, Foochow, Canton and other places. They also build their engines and boilers and engineer and navigate them; in fact, do everything but fight them. When it comes to the fighting part they fail most miserably. Their failure is not for the lack of courage; it is simply their lack of faith in each other. The soldiers will stand stupidly and be shot down, but at the slightest show of panic they will drop their arms and run like a band of frightened sheep. They may be shot down, but they will not turn back.

It has been said time and again that tuition and proper organization will cure this, yet for thirty-five years many experienced men have done their best. While under tuition officers and men improve rapidly, but just as soon as they were left to their own resources they invariably returned to their own old style of drill. All change, no matter in what direction, is deprecated and discouraged by the high ranked literary class, who rule in China. Notwithstanding the great improvements that have been made in arms of precision owing to their dislike of any change they still drill with obsolete weapons, even the bow and arrow, trident and long bamboo spears are not discarded. There are under Manchu rule an infinity of men, but it is extremely doubtful even at this late day if ten thousand soldiers could be mustered with modern accoutrements, and not one in ten of those who are armed with modern rifles take sight when they fire them off.

According to the latest reports, which are most unreliable, the imperial army comprises a total of eight hundred and fifty thousand men, 678 companies of Tartar troops, 211 companies of Mongols, and native Chinese infantry numbering 120,000. The Tartar troops garrison all the great cities, more particularly Peking.

The armed force of Japan has been organized on the French system, by officers specially selected by the French government, divided into the standing army, the reserve and the militia, and the troops into five classes. Taken on a peace footing the army numbers 69,-000 men, and on a war footing 267,806 men. The imperial guard, not included, numbers 5,331 picked troops.

It will be seen that Japan has a regular army in time of peace numbering 74,426 officers and men, organized, drilled and disciplined. The same can be said of the navy. Many of the warships are of the most approved type, ironclads and cruisers. This army and navy has been built up with the determination of trying conclusions with her great enemy.

Japan has the most reliable data upon which she can base her caluculations of certain success, unless other complications are brought about.

(a) She has a well equipped and well organized army and navy, anxious for war with China.

(b) She can land an army corps in the enemy's country with but trifling opposition, if any, and her base of supplies is within a few days' steaming.

(c) Her fleet of warships is ample to blockade the Peiho, Port Arthur, Wei Hai Wei, and to stop any coal supplies from Formosa.

(d) Having no body of organized troops to intercept the marching of her troops, she can calculate nearly to a day the length of time it will take them to reach Peking.

(e) She can then make her own terms and be certain they will be granted.

H. J. ROBERTSON

Moresby Island, Aug. 17.


## A WELL-KNOWN HAMILTON MERCHANT

### Says that Lactated Food Saved his Baby Boy.

### 'Tis the Only Food that "Saves Babies' Lives."

Mr. F. Chester Fearman, the well known merchant of Hamilton, Ont., gives strong and positive testimony regarding the great superiority of Lactated Food over all other brands now sold.

Mr. Fearman says: "Our boy Herbert, when four months old, was given up by us, and we fully expected to lose him. We tried many forms of nourishment without success; but as soon as we commenced to use Lactated Food he rallied and throve; to-day he is the pride and envy of the neighborhood."

From every quarter of Canada joyful and happy reports are continually coming in about the wonders worked by Lactated Food. No other food in the world can equal Lactated as a nourisher for the weak and sickly baby.

## "Only the Scars Remain,"

Says HENRY HUDSON, of the James Smith Woolen Machinery Co., Philadelphia, Pa., who certifies as follows:

"Among the many testimonials which I see in regard to certain medicines performing cures, cleansing the blood, etc., none impress me more than my own case. Twenty years ago, at the age of 18 years, I had swellings come on my legs, which broke and became running sores. Our family physician could do me no good, and it was feared that the bones would be affected. At last, my good old

### Mother Urged Me

to try **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla. I took three bottles, the sores healed, and I have not been troubled since. **Only the scars remain, and the memory of the past, to remind me of the good Ayer's Sarsaparilla has done me.** I now weigh two hundred and twenty pounds, and am in the best of health. I have been on the road for the past twelve years, have noticed **Ayer's** Sarsaparilla advertised in all parts of the United States, and always take pleasure in telling what good it did for me."

### Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

**Cures others, will cure you**


## CRIME IN FRANCE.

### The Worst Offenders Are Under the Age of Twenty.

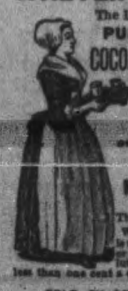
The connection between crime and youth is now one of the problems that are being most seriously discussed in France, says a writer in the St. James' Gazette. One would naturally suppose that the most atrocious and the most callous criminals would be those who had reached mature age in a career of crime. But such is not the case. The most daring, the most sanguinary and the most hardened criminals with whom in France justice has had to deal of late years have been, with few exceptions mere youths. The great majority have been under twenty years of age. Those who wish to be more fully informed on this subject would do well to consult the "Memoirs" of Abbe Faure, who was chaplain at the Grande Roquette, had ample opportunity for taking note of the most dangerous class of criminals. M. Guillot, an investigating magistrate whose name has become well known to the public in connection with famous trials, declares that, although statistics show no general increase, in France the contingent of young criminals is growing more and more numerous and that youthful miscreants never were so remarkable as now for cynicism and ferocity. "I had supposed," says M. Guillot, "that during my long career as judge d'instruction I had seen the lowest depth of human corruption, but it is only since I have had to do especially with young criminals that I have become acquainted with it." We learn from him that many a Paris boy belonging to the class from which the prisons are chiefly supplied is completly debauched at the age of 13. The magistrate of the republic has had the courage to declare that the official withdrawal of religious influences from the instruction imposed upon children of the people has had much to do with the production of this youthful type of criminal, who when he is before the judge does not shed a tear, but appears really astonished at the explanations asked of him for his evil conduct.

Speaking not from sentiment but from observation, M. Guillot declares that the passing away of the religious ideal is apt to entail the abandonment of all ideals and the loss of all sense of duty. To English people such an expression of opinion may seem superfluous; but in France it has upon a host of politicians much the same effect as a red flag is said to have on a bull. It will be remembered how many men of leading, if not light, have striven in France since the fall of the empire to realize the ideal of an atheistical state. It is true that not a few of them, discouraged by the reaction of public opinion, have considerably modified their politics, but it still remains the cherished dream of the republican who prides himself upon being thorough paced and considers '93 a glorious date in French history. The criminalists are now very busy studying the strange crop of criminals that has appeared with the new generation which the republic has reared with so much solicitude for all the virtues of citizenship.


Ayer's Ague Cure is an antidote for malaria and all malarial diseases, whether generated by swamp or sewer. Neither quinine, arsenic, nor any other injurious drug enters into the composition of this remedy. Warranted to cure fever and ague.

## WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of
PURE, HIGH GRADE
COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES



On this Continent, have received
SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS
on all their Goods at the CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA,
Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL,
BOSTON,
TORONTO,
ST. PAUL,
MINNEAPOLIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

Or to

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

## NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

### THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

| SPEED 18 knots | | | | Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." | | | TONNAGE 1117 | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 pm | Lv | M 1 | ... | *Victoria... | 110 | Ar | 4 30 pm |
| 11 45 pm | Lv | 32 | Ft. | Townsend | 72 | Lv | 1 30 pm |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 82 | .... | Seattle.... | 38 | Lv | 10 15 am |
| 4 45 am | Ar | 110 | ... | *Tacoma... | 34 | Lv | 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

R. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

## The Oceanic Steamship Company

HONOLULU, BY O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 1st, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda..Thursday, August 23rd, at 2 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria. CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

## PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 6 P.M.

City of Puebla - - August 21

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

## Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

## VICTORIA RICE MILLS

ROLLER FLOUR MILL

62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

### TIME TABLE NO. 23,

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

### Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

### New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'Clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

### Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

### Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 9.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

All Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| NORTH BOUND READ DOWN. No. 1 Passenger Daily. | No. 3 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays. | Miles from Victoria. | STATIONS. | SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 2 Passenger Daily. | No. 4 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays. | Miles from Wellington. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ar. 12 30 p m | Ar. 3 00 p m | | VICTORIA | Lv. 8 00 a m | Lv. 3 00 p m | |
| 12 35 " | 3 05 " | 1 | Victoria West | 7 55 " | 2 55 " | 1 |
| 12 44 " | 3 14 " | 3 | Esquimalt | 7 46 " | 2 46 " | 3 |
| 12 51 " | 3 21 " | 4 | Gorge | 7 39 " | 2 39 " | 4 |
| 12 54 " | 3 24 " | 5 | Suttons | 7 36 " | 2 36 " | 5 |
| 1 00 " | 3 30 " | 6 | Cobble Hill | 7 30 " | 2 30 " | 6 |
| 1 07 " | 3 37 " | 7 | Shawnigan Lake | 7 23 " | 2 23 " | 7 |
| 1 19 " | 3 49 " | 9 | Koenigs | 7 11 " | 2 11 " | 9 |
| 1 26 " | 3 56 " | 10 | Duncans | 7 04 " | 2 04 " | 10 |
| 1 35 " | 4 05 " | 12 | Somenos | 6 55 " | 1 55 " | 12 |
| 1 40 " | 4 10 " | 13 | Chemainus | 6 50 " | 1 50 " | 13 |
| 2 00 " | 4 30 " | 17 | Oyster Bay | 6 30 " | 1 30 " | 17 |
| 2 20 " | 4 50 " | 21 | Nanaimo | 6 10 " | 1 10 " | 21 |
| Ar. 2 45 p m | Ar. 5 15 p m | 25 | Wellington | Lv. 5 45 a m | Lv. 12 45 p m | 25 |

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME!!!

## TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt. Shasta Route of the

## Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accomodations for second-class passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

## JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd 1892,

Steamer JOAN will call as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursdays at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

**Boys' School Suits** In Great Variety. We are showing Special Values in Our Boys' Suit Stock. Great Reductions in Prices Suits reduced to $1.40, $1.50, $1 90 and $2 00 each.

**B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson St.**

## VERNON AND VICINITY.

The Week's Budget of News from the Okanagan Valley.

**Vernon News.**

Messrs. Postill Bros. have finished haying and report the crop to be the heaviest for many years.

Apples are arriving in the local market from the Mission.

The hydraulic company who were stopped in their operations on Mission creek by an inflow of water to the shaft have not yet abandoned their project and work will be resumed at an early date.

Mr. W. R. McCluskey shipped last week from the B. X. ranch two cars of horses to the coast. One car containing 22 was sent to Victoria, and the other with nineteen to Vancouver.

Already a large number of pre-emptions have been recorded in Trinity valley, or Caribou Flats, the section of country lying north of the Shuswap river, to which attention was called in these columns last months. Messrs. Finlayson, Warner, Cartwright and Nelson have been engaged in cutting a trail to this valley, which will be about ten miles in length and is now almost completed.

A considerable quantity of small fruit has been shipped this summer to Calgary from the Coldstream ranch. On Tuesday Mr. Kelly forwarded a shipment of apples to the same place. The tariff is one and a half cents per pound, or about three cents by express.

Caribou are reported unusually plentiful in the mountains this year, and we hear of several eastern hunting parties which intend to have a try for big game in this district as soon as the close season expires. One of the parties is from Boston and includes several gentlemen who accompanied Mr. Stevenson, brother of the American vice-president, on a trip to the Okanagan and Harris creek hunting grounds two years ago.

Returns have just been received from the first car of Skylark, Boundary creek, ore sent out this year by the Spokane and Great Northern Mining company. The ore yielded 199.4 ounces of silver per ton, $28.60 gold per ton and 5.6 per cent. lead. This ore will net $100 per ton even after paying for packing and wagon freight to Marcus. A second carload goes forward in a day or two.

On Saturday night a few of the friends of the Hon. C. Majoribanks met at the Kalemalka hotel at a farewell dinner in honor to this well known gentlemen. Among those present were Messrs. Henderson, Hankey, Kelly, Abbott, Germaine, Taylor, H. G. Walker, C. F. Walker, Spicer, Turner and Streatfield. The station platform was thronged on Monday with friends who had gathered to wish Mr. Majoribanks bon voyage on his trip to the old country via Dakota, where at one time he was interested in an extensive cattle ranch.

Several fires have been started on the mountain north of the B X creek by siwashes engaged in hunting deer. The fires are set out well up on the hill in order to frighten the game down towards the bottom where they are being killed by the hundred. This slaughter of does out of season and fawns should be at once stopped, and as fires started in this dry season are certain to cause widespread damage to timber or other property, the provisions of the Bush Fire act should be strictly enforced. This act provides that any person who, in the months of June, July, August or September, shall ignite in any forest or woods, any inflammable material, leaving the same before it is thoroughly extinguished, should any damage result therefrom, he shall be liable for every offence to a fine of $100 or three months' imprisonment. An example made of one or two siwashes on either of the above counts would have a salutary effect and save future trouble.

Mr. Nelson Duteau, an old timer well known in this district, died last week at Kamloops, where he had gone with the intention of entering the old men's home as soon as that institution was ready for occupants. He was a brother of Mr. Vincent Duteau, of White Valley, and came to British Columbia in the early days of the Cariboo gold excitement. Nelson creek was named after him and in that district he mined with more or less success for many years. Latterly he had been living at Okanagan Mission, and it was only when almost entirely disabled by rheumatism that he consented to take the advice of his friends and remove to Kamloops.

## CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A man named Briggs was drowned in the Red river at Winnipeg while bathing.

Sir William Van Horne has gone to Chicago, where he will remain until next week.

Thomas Bennett, late chief Dominion immigration officer in Winnipeg, has been transferred to Edmonton.

There will be no increase of the Montreal civic taxes this year, the city having decided that such action is illegal.

William Greigg, aged twenty-eight, who came from Chippewa, Ont., was drowned by slipping through a raft on the Lachine canal.

The big elevator of the Northern Elevator company at Winnipeg was totally destroyed by fire. There was but little grain in store, but the loss was heavy, exceeding $40,000.

Philip Veal, custodian of the Ottawa fish hatchery, died in the Protestant hospital, aged 58. He had been in charge of the fishery exhibits in London in 1884 and at the World's fair.

It has been decided by Judge Cumberland, of the Manitoba courts, that the property of deceased residents outside of the province cannot be taxed under the Manitoba succession duty act.

One of Toronto's oldest shippers has passed away in the person of Captain Peter Thompson, in his seventy-ninth year. The captain had sailed in salt and fresh waters for the past sixty-three years.

Customs Inspector McMichael has reported that the recent seizure of the American fishing schooner Louise, at Amherstburg, Ont., was wholly unwarranted, and the acting controller of customs has suspended McCormick, the officious and over zealous collector at that port.

The corner stone of the new St. John's French Presbyterian church, St. Catharine street, Montreal, was laid by Rev. Dr. Chiniquy in the presence of the congregation and friends. The building will cost $13,000.

The Province of Quebec Rifle Association matches were concluded on Thursday. The Carslake trophy was won by the Thirteenth battalion of Hamilton, while the Twelfth York Rangers won the aggregate team match.

A Scandinavian woman who landed at Halifax from the Gothia died on Saturday on the train en route for Montreal. She was going to join her husband at Winnipeg, and it is said heart disease was the cause of her sudden death.

Protestants in Quebec, and especially the adherents of those chapels mobbed by the French-Canadians, are much pleased with Laurier's vigorous denunciation, in a letter to Mr. Duval, of the treatment the French Protestants received at the hands of the roughs.

The homing pigeon owned by James Gardner, sen., of Toronto, liberated at Montreal at 5.30 a. m. on Saturday, reached Gardner's loft at 4.30 p.m. the same day, making the 333 miles in eleven hours. These are the first birds to make this journey in one day.

The Winnipeg Retail Lumbermen's association decided a few days ago to reduce the price of coarse dimension lumber about $3 a thousand. This reduction is due to the recent change in the tariff. The price of the better class of lumber has not been affected.

The local press having attacked the Montreal detective force, Lieut.-Colonel Hughes, superintendent of police, has asked Mayor Villeneuve to order an investigation. His worship has complied. Over one hundred robberies have taken place in the last year and no clues have been discovered.

A. Kelly & Co.'s extensive flouring mills at Brandon were burned. The fire is supposed to have originated from a spark that fell from a smokestack into the dust room of the mill. The damage is estimated at $50,000. The insurance is as follows: tock, $9,000; building and machinery, $24,000.

Long & Bisby, wool dealers of Hamilton, have over a million pounds of wool in stock in their warehouses here, which will be shipped to the States when the new tariff becomes law. A Toronto diamond exporter saved $3500 in duty by shipping $25,000 worth of precious stones to the States before the new tariff was put in operation.

Archibald Stewart, a young Scotchman of an adventurous turn of mind, who is visiting this country for sport, accompanied only by an Indian guide, has just completed in safety the entire trip from Lake St. John to Lake Mistassini, the great mysterious inland sea in the far north, by one route and returning by another, a feat which he is the first white man to perform. He brought back with him an interesting account of legendary lore, tribal superstition of peculiar aborigines of the far northern country, and reports having found a very large area of merchantable timber and very large agricultural lands in what have hitherto been supposed to be nothing but a worthless wilderness.

## ANTIQUE GLASS.

Treasures Found in the Ancient Mediterranean Cities.

The world of the Mediterranean sea eighteen centuries ago was rich in works of art and decoration beyond our experience and beyond our flights of imagination. It is an effort which few of us can make with success to picture the wealth in beautiful art of a great city of the empire. The marbles have been turned to lime, the bronzes have been melted to gross sous or their equivalent, the stuccoes have crumbled from the walls, the paintings have gone down with their walls to ruin, the shattered pottery has been used in filling and grading and building, and its remaining fragments are of no value except for an inscription or an impressed name—mere potsherds, with now and then a scrap of antiquarian interest.

The shattered glass alone contains in its very substance such beauty and such completeness, even in ruin, that its fragments are treasured up and studied. These broken bits point to a general use of vessels of decorated glass, used as we use porcelain for the finer vessels of table and toilet, and also a great abundance of objects of pure ornament, of wall linings and floor coverings, made of the same splendid material. No other substance is like that—beautiful in itself, in its very essence. Fragments of glass have often the value that fragments of pottery sometimes have—the partial figure, the incomplete pattern on the surface—and they have also what no pottery and no other artificial substance has—the beauty we generally think of as peculiar to natural stones, to agates and to jaspers.

As a collector fills his cabinet with pieces of precious and semi-precious stones, with here and there a piece which has, as it happens, a head or piece of a head carved upon it, so the enthusiastic vitreologist collects glass as glass, loving its substance and its surface, its substance and its texture, its translucency and tis opacity, its set patterns and its vague cloudings; here and there a stamp and its opacity, its set patterns and its own attractiveness, but the glass itself is the thing. Precious and beautiful is glass, even in fragments.—The Century.

The Chinese pay their doctor only so long as he keeps them in health. They believe in preventing rather than curing disease. This is sound sense, and one of the strongest recommendations of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a medicine which not only cures diseases but prevents them.

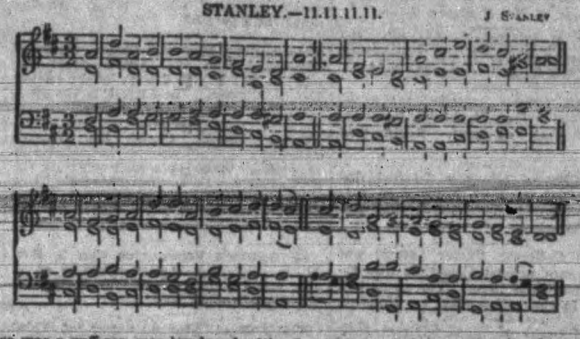
When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Why not try
**WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?**
Doctors highly recommend it to those
Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

## "I Owe my New Life to Paine's Celery Compound."

### Testimony of a Toronto Gentleman Written in Verse and Set to Music.

STANLEY.—11.11.11.11. J. STANLEY



I once was a suff-rer, was burdened with woes,
Dyspepsia and Headache my terrible foes;
From day unto day I was tortured with pain,
My efforts and prayers for relief were all vain.

My friends recommended new nostrums each day,
I foolishly heeded what each had to say;
But, instead of improving, I really got worse,
Each draught and each pill proved a snare and a curse.

Wrapp'd up in despair and quite tired of life,
I hearken'd one day to the voice of my wife;
She said: "My dear Ned, I have found the true cure
For all your afflictions, 'twil conquer, I'm sure."

I asked for the name of the cure she had found,
The answer came quickly, "Paine's Cel'ry Compound;"
Ah, yes! 'twas a name I had heard of before—
Had heard of its virtues to heal and restore.

With courage and faith I received the glad news,
And decided the Compound to faithfully use;
Oh, joy! let me sound the glad tidings around,
I'm cured through the use of Paine's Cel'ry Compound.

Dyspepsia and Headaches are things of the past;
Behind me forever these burdens I've cast;
I'm healthy and hearty, digestion is sound—
I owen my new life to Paine's Cel'ry Compound!

## BATTLESHIP LE CARNOT.

The Vessel Recently Added to the French Fleet.

The new French battleship, which was launched early in the present month, is to be called Le Carnot. The length of the vessel is 396 feet, her beam 71 feet, her draught aft 27 1-2 feet, and her displacement 11,882 tons. She has a complete steel belt with a maximum thickness of 17.7 inches, and a curved steel deck 2.75 inches thick. Above the water line belt there rises for an additional height of four feet a steel belt of four inch armor. The machinery of the ship consists of a pair of compound vertical engines, with three cylinders, fed by 24 Lagrafel & D'Allest boilers. At 95 revolutions with forced draught, 13,500 h.p. should be developed, giving a speed of 18 knots, and with 85 revolutions, natural draught, 9,500 horse power, giving a speed of about 17 knots. The machinery weighs 1178 tons. The normal coal capacity is 800 tons, or enough for 4000 knots' steaming, but when all subsidiary bunkers are full, coal for 6000 knots can be carried. The cost of Le Carnot will be, for the ship $4,800,000, for her gun and torpedo armament $520,000, and for her machinery and boilers $616,000, or in all, $5,936,000.

The armament will consist of two 11.8 inch guns, one in a 14.6 inch turret forward and the other in a similar turret aft, the forward gun being 26 feet and the after gun 19.5 feet above the water line; two 10.6 inch guns, one in a 14.6 inch turret on each beam; eight 5.5 inch quick-firing guns, mounted singly in 3.9 inch turrets, four on each beam; four 2.5 inch quick-firing; 12 1.8 inch quick-firing, and eight 1.45 inch quick-firing or Maxim automatic guns. There will also be four above-water and two submerged torpedo-launching tubes. The most significant feature of the vessel is the tremendous power of her right ahead and right astern fire. In each case this is furnished by one 11.8 inch, two 10.6 inch, and 5.5 inch besides smaller guns. Beam fire is furnished by two 11.8 inch, one 10.6 inch, and four 5.5 inch guns, so that in every direction the ship is offensively strong to an exceptional degree.

## VOYAGE IN A PARIS SEWER.

Through the Great Underground Waterways in a Boat.

We are invited to step inside a vessel lying in mid-stream, or rather taking up the whole of it; a veritable gondola with carpeted floor and cushioned seats; lit up by large lamps, less picturesque perhaps than a venetian, but much more luminous. Four brave fellows in blue blouses man the boat, which is oarless, rudderless and sculless. It is in fact nothing more than another sewer-scraper in its holiday clothes; a bateau vanne, or sluice boat, performing for the great collectors the same salubrious functions as does the sluice carriage for the smaller channels. The slide is fixed in front and let down by a lever to the bottom of the sewer, which is scraped clean as the boat moves along with the stream. We take our seats and are carried gently forward by the weight of the moving water pressing against the tongue of the boat. It is an odd experience this through the bowels of a great city. One is reminded of a passage down some side street of Venice upon a dark night, such at the Rio della Paglia, though it would need a very romantic brain indeed to convert this arch above us into the Bridge of Sighs. But one cannot have everything even in a model Paris sewer. We travel gently along for a time noting with interest the names of the thoroughfares as we pass beneath the fashionable quarters around the Parc Monceau. Suddenly, however, the dull sound of the sluice scraping along the cemented sides of the sewer is drowned by that of rushing water, which comes pouring into the collector from all the side channels. We feel ourselves pushed forward at double speed. "What is that?" we inquired anxiously. "Only a sharp shower above," replied our guide. But the water is rising perceptibly, and we do not relish overmuch the way in which we are being rushed forward against our will. Our guides only laugh to themselves. We are driven again to romance and think of the perilous journey of Allan Quatermain and his friends down the Stygian stream which led into the land of the frowning city and the rival silver queens. And what is that ruddy column rising and falling there in front of us? Surely not another rose of fire? Nothing so grimly picturesque. It is only a water pipe which has sprung a leak, and is sending out a jet of water just in front of the red light fixed in the side of the sewer for the illumination of our passage. But it looks uncanny enough in the distance, and we get a shiver from the spray as we pass it, just as the hair of Umslopogaas was singed as he steered the canoe of Quatermain round the outer edges of the rose of fire.—Good Words.

**The Irrepressible Small Boy.**

Now is the season when the ubiquitous small boy fills himself with green plums and greener apples, and bolts half-ripe cherries, seeds and all. His voracity almost invariably leads to cramps, diarrhoea, or dysentery, and the family heartstone resounds with his lamentations. If his parents are prudent people they will have a bottle of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer, ready for such emergencies, and a spoonful of this great specific will bring the young scamp around all right. Druggists all sell it. Only 25 cents per bottle, new large size.

**Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes.**—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

**Argyle House.**

**OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST**

All single width Dress Goods still at cost price.
Challies reduced from 25c to 20c a yard.
Challies reduced from 20c to 15c a yard.
English Sateens from 25c to 20c a yard.
Ladies' Wool Jerseys at cost price.
Fourteen yards Canton Flannel for $1.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair.
Ladies' Belts still at cost price.
One case more of those Double Width Serges, so good for children's school dresses, at 25c a yard.
White Calico, 5c a yard.
Unbleached Calico, 5c a yard.

**A Large Quantity of Remnants at Prices Which Make Them all Bargains.**

**J. Horner & Co.**
**88 DOUGLAS STREET.**

**JOHN MESTON,**

**Carriage Maker**
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets,
VICTORIA, B. C.

## Real Estate.

TO Lease—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stables, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads in property; 80 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, postoffice, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within one and two miles. Price $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH; Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly, $225 each. Postoffice box 561.

**A. WILLIAMS,**
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

## LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot 1 of Section B, Beckley Farm, (Map 231) Victoria City.

Whereas the certificate of title of Catherine Hotz to the above hereditaments bearing date the 19th day of May, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th August, 1894. 217-1m

**RUPTURE** More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A System of fitting has been perfected that last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 87 patents in 10 years. Illustrated 10 book free. **DEFORMITY** CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

**Royal Baking Powder**

**ABSOLUTELY PURE**

## VANCOUVER NEWS.

### Sad Drowning Accident in a Pond—Royal Arthur Arrives.

Vancouver, Aug. 17. The fifteen year old son of Mr. Hamersley, city solicitor, has passed the entrance examination at the military school, Kingston. He was coached by Mr. Cowperthwaite, of the Central school.

Local milk vendors, without an exception, consider the milk by-law impracticable and unfair. The chief complaint is that outside men are charged the same rates as themselves, and are thereby brought into unfair competition.

Two children of Mr. Larson were drowned at 4 o'clock this afternoon in a pond near Leamy & Kyle's mill. They were aged 10 and 12. The children were paddling in a pond and slipped into a deep hole.

The Royal Arthur arrived in port tonight.

## NANAIMO NEWS.

### Destruction of Cattle on Gabriola Island.

Nanaimo, Aug. 18.—The city is nearly deserted to-day owing to the big excursion to Vancouver by the N. L. A. and T. A., who have chartered both the Cutch and Comox. Both steamers were crowded. The Wellington people also ran the City of Nanaimo to Vancouver, so that this part of the Island will be well represented.

The settlers of Gabriola Island complain bitterly of the wanton destruction of their cattle by some miscreant. No attempt has been made to utilize the carcass, but they are left on the ground as evidence of the wrong perpetrated. The settlers are not able to stand the constant loss sustained and it is hoped the offender will soon be discovered.

Mr. J. Hunter has decided to change the location of his electric light works to the lower end of Fraser street. A new plant is to be installed at once so the citizens may expect to enjoy all the advantages of the light within a few weeks.

Messrs. Bevor, Potts and Barker, solicitors, have formed a partnership.

Dunn, the wrestler, has issued a challenge to wrestle Martin Woodburn for $250 a side. He is also anxious to meet McLeod, but does not want to wrestle catch-as-catch-can, so their is no hope of a match being arranged.

## SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

### The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals

#### THE TURF.

#### RACE IS OFF.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—There will be no Arion-Directum race in Chicago. Failing to get the Washington Park track for themselves, Doble and Hickok refused the offer of the Northwestern Breeders' Association, and notified the management that the race would not go and Directum will go east. The chances are that the pair will meet in Boston.

#### MEETING AT VERNON.

A race meeting is to be held at Vernon on October 10th and 11th, at which purses aggregating $2000 will be offered. There is a half mile regulation track. As a month elapses after the Victoria meeting, it is probable that a number of horses will go from here. W. F. Anderson is the secretary.

#### THE RING.

#### LONDON WANTS IT.

New York, Aug. 18.—The following special cable dispatch from London was received at the Police Gazette office today: "The National club will offer a £3000 guarantee purse for a finish fight between Corbett and Jackson, the referee to be mutually agreed upon by the men and club."

#### LAWN TENNIS.

#### AT TACOMA.

The result of Thursday's matches in the Tacoma tennis tournament follows: Singles—T. Griggs beat P. Anderson, 6-3, 7-5; Hurd beat Purdon, 6-1, 6-1; Foulkes beat White, 6-3, 6-4.

Doubles—Hurd-Atkinson beat Bull-Fransioli, 6-4, 6-3.

Mixed doubles—White-Miss Kershaw beat Griggs-Miss Paddock, 6-1, 6-2; Foulkes-Miss Anderson beat Bull-Miss Bulkley, 6-3, 6-2; Fransioli-Miss Wood-ruff beat Purdon-Miss Keown, 5-7, 8-6, 6-1.

The visitors were entertained at a ball at the Tacoma hotel on Thursday evening.

#### YACHTING.

To-day's match race between the Vigilant and the Britannia was declared off.

**Makers**

Of the Wonderful Value boots and shoes, Russell & McDonald.

## CANNOT USE CITY WATER.

### Dunsmuirs Therefore Bring Esquimalt Water Across the Harbor.

An endeavor is being made by the city to prevent the Dunsmuirs from using the Esquimalt Water Works Company's water at their cold storage warehouse and ice factory on Store street. The Esquimalt Company's charter stipulates that the company shall not lay pipes on this side of the harbor. About three weeks ago the Dunsmuirs connected a pipe with the company's main on the west side of the harbor and laid it across, connecting on this side with their cold storage plant. The city barristers threatened to procure an injunction from the courts to prevent the water company from bringing the pipe across, but the company claimed that they had nothing whatever to do with it, in fact did not know that the pipe had been laid.

Mr. Lubbe, managing director of the water company, said this morning that some time ago Mr. Dunsmuir had asked him to pipe a mere on the west side of the swing bridge, which he did. He did not think that the city could prevent them from doing that. As he understood the act, it meant that the company could not lay mains in the streets of the city east of the harbor. The Dunsmuirs were not doing this, they simply laid the pipe across the harbor and to their own property on the east side.

The Dunsmuirs hold that the city water is not fit to be used in the manufacture of ice, and that they have to use the Esquimalt water if the city cannot supply them with as good an article.

## BRIEF LOCALS.

### Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Repairs to the Costa Rica will be begun Monday.

—The tug Velos, with two scows in tow, left for Mill bay to-day to load cordwood.

—The Rosalie will go round to Spratt's wharf to-morrow to have a new smokestack put in.

—Plans are being prepared for a handsome residence to be built on the Gorge road by Charles Spratt.

—The electric fire alarm battery is being removed from the first story to the ground floor of No. 2 engine hall.

—H. M. S. Satellite is due from the south to-morrow. The Royal Arthur will be back from Vancouver on the 28th.

—A large number attended the yacht club's cruise to Oak Bay this afternoon. A pleasant time was spent. Sailing was excellent.

—The City of Glasgow finished discharging coal at the navy yard this morning and will commence to load salmon on Monday.

—Taxes Collector Carter swore out two warrants against Celestinia who refused to pay their taxes. The cases will come up in the police court on Monday.

—The funeral of Mrs. O'Brien took place from St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral this morning. The remains were followed to the grave by many sorrowing friends.

—The sealing schooner Dora Sieward, Captain Cole, returned from the Japan coast last evening, her season's work being represented by 2600 skins. She brought no late news from the sealers.

—Grand Chancellor Byrne and Supreme Representatives C. H. Behnsen, of Vancouver, and J. Crossan, of Nanaimo, left to-day for Washington, D. C., to attend the supreme lodge convention of the K. of P.

—The telephone company have commenced to erect their poles in front of Hon. Amor DeCosmos' property on Government street. This work was stopped some months ago by a supreme court injunction obtained by Mr. DeCosmos. More trouble is looked for.

—Dr. A. M. Watson, of Broad street, is about to form a class of ladies and gentlemen to whom he will deliver lectures in anatomy, physiology, chemistry and kindred sciences. The course of lectures will last thirteen weeks and will be given bi-weekly, beginning the first week of September.

—The sewerage commissioners, Messrs. R. W. Pearse, Hon. D. W. Higgins and W. J. Macaulay, met this morning and elected Mr. Pearse chairman of the board. It was decided to appoint four inspectors at $4 a day, applications to be advertised for. It is probable that contracts will be awarded next week and contracts proceeded with.

—The Nickel Plate Saloon, on Government street, has been re-opened, the new proprietor being John R. Radke, formerly of the London. The Nickel Plate has been remodelled and thoroughly renovated, and is now one of the coziest bar rooms in the city. Mr. Radke can be relied upon to keep nothing but the best wines, liquors and cigars. A well provided lunch counter is there for the use of patrons.

—The steamer Walla Walla, which sailed from San Francisco this morning, has the following cabin passengers for Victoria: S. Green, Rev. H. Cremer, A. Griffiths, J. P. Charerjore, Mrs. Heath, J. C. MacNab, Miss Dickinson, Dr. Perkins, M. H. Hackett, A. D. Brideaux, W. D. Mulligan, H. W. Findley, N. McLaren, Thomas Morgan and wife, Miss Morgan and child, M. Partridge, A. Stillwell and wife, Mrs. Molina.

—The schedule of prices which has been adhered to by the dentists of the city for several years past, has been lowered by one of their number, Dr. Humber, whose advertisement appears in this issue, and a rate war is now probable. The younger dentists, among whom is Dr. Humber, maintain that they cannot get a practice when charging the same rates as the older dentists and consequently this step has been taken. Other dentists will probably follow his example, and in the meantime, those who cannot afford to pay the prices now charged will reap the benefit.

—Five hundred people left by the steamer Islander on teh K. of P. excursion to Seattle this morning. The Victoria knights and their friends will be met at the wharf in Seattle by the uniform rank and the Rialto band and will be escorted to Castle hall in the Frye block. The afternoon will be devoted to sight seeing and in the evening there will be a concert. The Islander is booked to leave Seattle on the return trip at 8.30 to-night. Arrangements have been made so that excursionists can stay over and return on the Kingston, giving an opportunity of spending a few days at the interstate fair.

—At the meeting of the Liberal Association last evening the programme drawn up by the committee for the visit of the Hon. Messrs. Laurier and Davies was approved. According to this the Liberal leader is expected to arrive here on Monday, September 10 or the next day, when he will be suitably received. The following day is to be devoted to an inspection of the city and its surroundings, and in the evening a mass meeting will be held in the market hall. For the next afternoon an open air reception and garden party in Dr. Milne's grounds is fixed, with an excursion to Saanich and a meeting in the agricultural hall to follow. On the Thursday morning the party will leave for Nanaimo, where a meeting will be held in the evening. This programme is subject, of course, to the approval of Mr. Laurier and his friends.

Victoria, B. C.

George G. Bigger, Manager for B.C. of the Great Western Mutual Accident Association:

Dear Sir: We the benefit members of your Association hereby desire to express our thanks for the promptness with which our claims were paid by you:

George. Rudge, $30; A. McBeath, $45; R. H. Walker, $10.86; L. McQuarrie, $125; Isaac Mills, $92; Charles Scurry, $30; Wm. Smith, $30; Harry Graham, $30; Capt. H. Stalker, $50; E. S. Munro, $45; Frank Parks, $45; M. Fitzgerald, $145; Thos. Cyr, $75; Jas. Myers, $75; James Leahy, $60; A. M. Leet, $75; Sam'l Horsley, $75; A. W. Bigger, $50; Wm. Burt, $18; Chas. Halscomb, $200.

## THE CHURCHES.

Mr. Jas. Dunmitt, travelling secretary of the Pacific Northwest, will address the meeting in the Y. M. C. A. rooms to-morrow evening at 8:30 o'clock. All are invited.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West—Services at the usual hours. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor.

Central Presbyterian Church, corner of Kingston and Oswego streets, James Bay—Usual services. Rev. C. A. Coleman will preach morning and evening. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Metropolitan Methodist Church, corner of Pandora avenue and Quadra street—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver. The subject in the evening will be "The Treasure Seeker."

Calvary Baptist Church, Rev. Thomas Baldwin, pastor—Subject in the morning at 11 o'clock, "Make me a Sanctuary," in the evening at 8 o'clock, "Did Rebecca's Trick succeed?" Sabbath school at 3 p.m. Young people's meeting at 6:15. Prayer meeting at 8 o'clock Thursday evening.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Rev. W. L. Clay, B.A., pastor. Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school at 2:30 p.m.

King's Road Mission, corner of Third street.—Evangelical Church of England—Services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday school at 3 p.m. Preacher, Rev. G. C. Kink.

**For Men and Boys**

Wonderful Value boots and shoes at Russell & McDonald's.

## PERSONAL.

Dr. Walkem is down from Nanaimo.

Jas. McPhee, of Comox, is at the Oriental.

Robert Hamilton, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

Mhs. G. Courtenay and Miss Courtenay left this morning for Portland.

Capt. McIntyre and wife, Master McIntyre and Miss Higgle, of Port Townsend, are at the Oriental.

Mrs. Charles Whitlock, of Tacoma, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Oxley, returned home last night.

Rev. G. W. White, of the A. M. E. Puget Sound conference, accompanied by Mrs. Nettie Jennings, of Paducat, Ky., is in the city. He will probably hold services, more especially for our colored citizens, during his stay.

## MARRIED.

WHITESIDE-DUNNINGTON—On Aug. 17, at the residence of the bride's mother, 108 Fort street, by Rev. S. Cleaver, George Whiteside to Sadie B. Dunnington

**How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.**

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

## PASSENGERS

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Wm Sheridan, M Broderick, J A Dummitt, Mrs. Dummitt, L Leavy, Mrs. J Hayes, Miss G L Davie, Mrs. Eataub, J A Armstrong, Mrs Armstrong, H Darcy, A D Halmquist, T J Francis, M Myer, A C Marks, J Sohn.

## CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—P Metro, Northwest Produce Co, B Van Volkenburg, C L Eatsugh, California Wine Co.

Relief in six hours.—Distressing kidney and bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and a delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

**GILLETT'S**

PURE POWDERED 100%

**LYE**

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Just fit for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 30 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto.

**W. J. STODDART,**

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED

**Ladies Costumes**

Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the *ne plus ultra* of durability, beauty and delicacy of texture. They have long been the favorite dress goods of well dressed Englishwomen. The Americans prefer them to French goods. Canadian ladies can obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS MATERIALS

2

## AUCTION SALES.

**JOSHUA DAVIES,**

AUCTIONEER.

By order of the mortgagee, under power of sale contained in an indenture dated the 9th day of July, 1894, I will sell on

**TUESDAY, AUGUST 21st,**

At 12 o'clock noon at the

**North Dairy Farm, Victoria Distr't.**

4 Brood Mares,
1 Brood Pony,
7 Mares,
2 Three-year-old Horses,
6 Horses,
1 Two-year-old Colt,
1 Yearling Filly,
1 Pony,
4 Colts. TERMS CASH.

JOSHUA DAVIES, - - Auctioneer.

WE ARE INSTRUCTED TO SELL without reserve at the Club Stables on Yates Street, immediately on the close of sale of Buggies.

**25 HEAD OF WELL-BRED HORSES AND FILLIES,**

**Ranging in Age From 3 to 5 Years.**

These are all young stock and contain some really fine Roadsters and well-matched Teams. They were bred on a gentleman's ranch, have had every care taken of them, and are perfectly sound. Please bear in mind that these Horses will not deteriorate like those that have had several years hard driving, but will increase in value every year.

If you want a Horse or Filly for any purpose don't fail to attend this sale. Remember the time and place—

MONDAY, AUG. 20th, at 2 o'clock p.m.
At the Club Stables, Yates Street.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

**FOR SALE**

VICTORIA WEST STEAM BAKERY.

Fully equipped with all the latest improved Biscuit and Soft Bread Machinery, in complete working order. Will be sold at a bargain on easy terms of payment.

For further particulars apply to

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.,
125 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

**JUST . . . . ARRIVED**

...FINE NEW...

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| | |
|---|---|
| Cunard Line, Umbria | Sept. 1 |
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| White Star Line, Majestic | Sept. 5 |
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| American Line, Paris | Sept. 5 |
| North Ger. Lloyd, Aller | Aug. 28 |
| North Ger. Lloyd, Saale | Sept. 1 |
| Anchor Line, Circassia | Sept. 1 |
| Anchor Line, City of Rome | Sept. 8 |
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